

DOORS

The Doors Guitar Tablature Anthology

Twenty of The Doors' classic songs arranged exactly as they were played.



Exclusive Distributors:
Music Sales Limited
8/9 Frith Street, London W1V 5TZ,
England.
Music Sales Pty Limited
120 Rothschild Avenue, Rosebery,
NSW 2018, Australia.

*This book © Copyright 1991 by
Wise Publications
Order No. AM85127
ISBN 0.7119.2690.5*



**POLICE DEPT
NEW HAVEN CONN
23750
12. 10. 67**

*Unauthorised reproduction of any part
of this publication by any means
including photocopying is an
infringement of copyright.*

*Guitar transcriptions by Kenny Chipkin
Designed by Pearce Marchbank Studio*

Your Guarantee of Quality

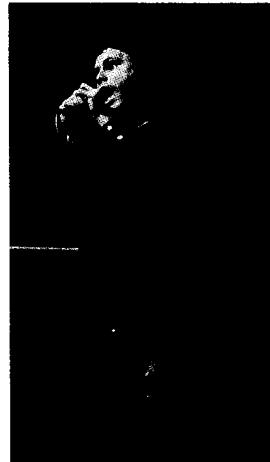
As publishers, we strive to produce every book to the highest commercial standards.

The book has been carefully designed to minimise awkward page turns, and to make playing from it a real pleasure. Particular care has been given to specifying acid-free, neutral-sized paper which has not been chlorine bleached but produced with special regard for the environment. Throughout, the printing and binding have been planned to ensure a sturdy, attractive publication which should give years of enjoyment.

If your copy fails to meet our high standards, please inform us and we will gladly replace it.

*Printed in the United Kingdom by
Dotesios Limited, Trowbridge,
Wiltshire.*

Introduction by Steven Rossen, 4
Guitar Tablature Glossary 110

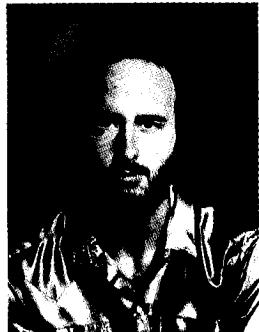


- Blue Sunday** 88
- Break On Through** 58
- Five To One** 39
- Hello, I Love You** 64
- LA Woman** 16
- Light My Fire** 6
- Love Her Madly** 31
- Love Me Two Times** 98
- Love Street** 67
- Not To Touch The Earth** 104
- Peace Frog** 84
- People Are Strange** 61
- Riders On The Storm** 54
- Roadhouse Blues** 44
- Soul Kitchen** 91
- Spanish Caravan** 72
- The Crystal Ship** 36
- Touch Me** 96
- Twentieth Century Fox** 50
- Wild Child** 80



**The Doors
Guitar Tablature
Anthology**

Steven Rossen



The Doors were a celebration of all that was great, not-so-great, weird, and wonderful about the Magic Kingdom of Los Angeles. They sang of backdoors and bars, women and wine, and there was something uniquely Los Angelesque about them. Perhaps it was because they met on the venerable campus of UCLA, a university situated in the student city of Westwood and just bordering the excess and glamour of Beverly Hills. A true LA institution. And maybe it's because some of the members of the band came together at Venice Beach, exchanging rogue ideas and views on philosophy and music and the lives of lizards. The bonds were formed in these places – along the Pacific coastline amidst the wild smells of sea water and incense and musty buildings, and in the corridors of learning where youth flexed its cerebral muscles.

These images, these sounds, these smells became the substance of Doors music. You could hear it in the Vox Continental organ sounds keyboardist Ray Manzarek conjured; it was certainly there lurking beneath the surface of Jim Morrison's vocals; and even in the simplistic drum patterns of John Densmore there resided the percussive ghost of LA. That dark ebb and flow which is the City of Angels: not quite the ebony nightmare of New York, the windy fever which is Chicago, nor the homespun dustbowl of Texas. But rather a safer landscape, smokey and dramatic in its fashion, but

somewhat less threatening than these cities and other places where rock and roll was born.

And while Morrison was the obvious focal point of the band and Manzarek the main source of music it was really guitarist Robby Krieger acting as a catalyst who gave The Doors their fury, their tension and this unique shadow we've called 'the ghost of LA.' To learn that Krieger is a native Californian, native Los Angelino, is no surprise. Born on January 8 1946 he was the youngest member of the band and really the least imposing. Morrison had, well everything, Manzarek a quasi-Ben Franklin music doctor look, and Densmore a certain misty mystic aura. And Krieger? Dirt brown hair, a frizzy and scraggled beard, and a habit of not finishing sentences. Unassuming. But Krieger, a pre-Doors bandmate of Densmore in the Psychedelic Rangers, was the fire and the substance of the quartet. He fleshed the ghost.

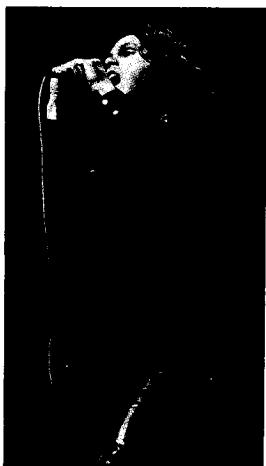
It was his background as a musician, beginning with the guitar at age fifteen, which gave Krieger such a wide vocabulary from which to choose. He studied the classical subtleties of Montoya and Segovia, moved into the more celebratory realm of flamenco, and then just as quickly discarded these styles for folk or blues or rock. Not to mention the wonderful finesse and grace with which he played bottleneck. Krieger had it all and that's why his solos always sounded so different and yet, were always right on target.

Just as George Harrison, not the most gifted guitarist nor the most technical, always pulled the miracle riff from the bag, so did Robby always find the perfect notes. He didn't have

great speed and yet there was a fluidity and strength in the notes he picked – there may not have been many of them but each one sang a song unto itself. One quick listen to the lines on 'Love Me Two Times' will confirm this statement. But here again, Krieger was always in control of his instrument and sonically capable of taking these anorexic-sounding tones and making them work majestically within the track.

'I just used an old Fender amp and an old Gibson SG', Krieger explained in a recent interview on television and in *Guitar World* magazine. 'We had what appeared to be Acoustic amplifiers but they were actually homemade jobs with about ten times as much power and big JBL speakers. They all had horns on top which didn't really make for that great-sounding of an amp. But they were loud. I used a Fuzz pedal and an Echoplex.'

Krieger is the first to admit that the amplifiers he used didn't exactly lend themselves to creating spatial and religious-sounding guitar squawks and squeaks. Krieger's command came beneath the fingers more than from the amp. But he is responsible for producing some wonderful six-string music not only on the Doors album but on his own solo albums as well. There are four individual albums in release: Robby Krieger and Friends (1977); Versions (1982); Robby Krieger (1985); and his most recent, Door Jams. The newest is a compilation of those first three records, ranging from the



shrapnel-laden 'Gavin Leggit' to the jazzy 'The Ally.' It is valuable fodder for the Krieger fanatic and is testament to those eclectic chops.

But for all the music he has made as a solo player, the guitarist will always and forever be remembered as one of the Doors. And so he should. Those records stand up to this day and it is no wonder that artists like Billy Idol (re-doing 'LA Woman') and others are keeping Doors music alive. And it is that volume of work to which this book is dedicated. Krieger's playing on those records was textbook-simple, melodic and powerful.

The Doors was released in the beginning of 1967 during the Summer of Love, with the Vietnam war still raging madly, bell bottoms and paisley all the rage, and bands like Love, Buffalo Springfield, The Byrds, and Frank Zappa's Mothers Of Invention doing time in the many clubs lining Sunset Boulevard. It was a changing and fomenting period and rock and roll ended up having two heads: at the time it was easing the angst in these savage teenage breasts, it was stirring up the pot. Music added fuel to the fire and provided these essentially middle class kids with a banner, something to identify with. And boy, did they take The Doors to heart!

This eponymously-titled debut became an anthem for this effervescent generation. *The Doors* was theatre; it had characters, scenes changes and story lines which captured hearts not only in California but across the entire country. And if Morrison was the leading man, Manzarek the director, and Densmore a supporting actor,

then Krieger was the unequivocal music and sound effects man. His guitar tone was eerie, spiritual, atramental; it spoke of dark things and hidden thoughts and it was decidedly seductive and it was everything six strings should sound like. And his solos, oh, his solos.

In this book there are four songs culled from this first release, 'Break On Through (To The Other Side)', 'Soul Kitchen', 'Twentieth Century Fox', and 'Light My Fire'. This latter cut became a paean to the Love hordes and it includes perhaps Krieger's finest solo ever (and certainly his most famous). It begins like a snake, slippery and lubricious, winding between two simple chord changes (two chord changes). The solo takes on form and direction and by the end of it Robby's SG is howling like a banshee and we are caught up with it. When the section is finally terminated we want to hear more and it's no surprise then that this song (writing credits were given to the entire band but Krieger was responsible for nearly all the words and music in this one) went to No. 1 in this country and catapulted the quartet from regional to national status.

'Love Me Two Times' and 'People Are Strange' from *Strange Days*, their follow-up, are both curious tracks in that they have no real guitar solo sections. Many of Krieger's guitar tracks were sans solos but he was such a wonderful and creative rhythm player that these lines provided buoy enough. 'People Are Strange' in particular, has a mesmerizing legato sort of rhythmic feel and again it bears that thin,

stretching type of tone he was by now earmarking as his own.

Waiting For The Sun came out in 1968 and it was a breathless piece of work from start to finish. A true opus, it would be difficult to choose another Doors album where Krieger played such an important role. This was the first album on which the band used an outside bassist (Manzarek always covered those parts with a Rhodes piano bass) and perhaps it was to this new sonic backdrop Krieger was able to kick into high gear. 'Hello, I Love You', 'Love Street', 'Spanish Caravan', and 'Five To One' are represented here and they are all excellent examples of his various styles. This first cut is reminiscent of the Kinks' 'All Day And All Of The Night' and showcases Robby's sledge-hammer rhythm attack (one of the first quasi-heavy metal tones); 'Love Street' is a tribute to his jazz chops while 'Spanish Caravan' gives a nod to his Montoya/flamenco period. And the latter is simply Krieger laying back and allowing Morrison to go through his character metamorphosis.

'Touch Me' was the first time the band worked with a horn section (in fact, one of the first times any rock band worked with brass). *The Soft Parade* was also the first album listing individual writing credits and it's now plain to see just how prolific the guitarist was. He wrote or co-wrote five of the record's nine cuts (including 'Touch Me'). 'Wild Child', a Morrison composition, showcases Krieger's fiery side as he wrenches hell out of his neck and breathes real emotion into this main guitar lick.

Morrison Hotel, shipped in 1970, was a strong comeback

after the somewhat disappointing prior release. Krieger was little short of brilliant as he danced about his Gibson in a blues tango on 'Roadhouse Blues' and played some memorable lines on 'Peace Frog/Blue Sunday'.

The title track of *LA Woman*, 'Riders On The Storm', and 'Love Her Madly' are representatives of the group's seventh album (their previous release was the non-studio *Absolutely Live*). 'Riders...' weaves fragile blues licks around Morrison's dreamy vocals and it is a testament to Krieger's strength not only as an interpreter of the singer's visions but as a proficient accompanist as well.

We'll probably never speak of Robby Krieger in the same breath as Jeff Beck or Eddie Van Halen. And rightly so because he is not that type of player. Krieger composes with his instrument; he orchestrates and invents and twists the musical cloth to produce an entirely new fabric. No one else could have been guitarist for The Doors, no one else would have known how.

But Robby is not one to rest on his laurels. He is currently working on another instrumental album, a direct to DAT recording, with Arthur Barrow and Bruce Gary. He is also working on several soundtracks and is musical consultant on the Oliver Stone film *The Doors*. Had Robby Krieger done nothing more than 'Light My Fire', his name would be in the record books. But he's provided us with a magical and moving scope of work and it is to these songs this book is dedicated.



Other Doors' titles available from Music Sales...

The Best Of The Doors

Order No. AM20298

The Doors: Complete Music

Order No. AM39272

The Doors Concise Complete

Order No. OP42787

The Doors Rock Score

Order No. AM73917

The Doors Supertab

Order No. AM73073

Music Sales' complete catalogue lists thousands of titles and is free from your local music shop, or direct from Music Sales Limited. Please send a cheque or postal order for £1.50 for postage to Music Sales Limited, Newmarket Road, Bury St. Edmunds, Suffolk IP33 3YB.

Light My Fire

Words & Music by The Doors

© Copyright 1967 Doors Music Company, USA. All rights for the United Kingdom, Northern Ireland & Eire controlled by Rondor Music (London) Limited, 10a Parsons Green, London SW6. All Rights Reserved. International Copyright Secured.

Moderately

Intro: >

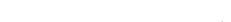
(Snare) 

**G* Organ arr. for Gtr.

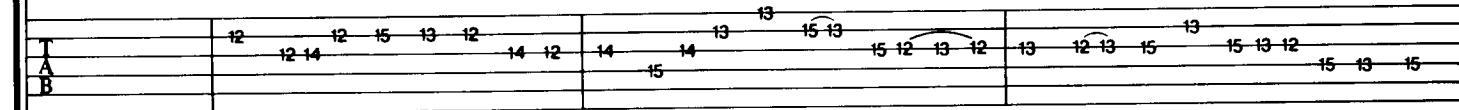
D F B_b E_b A_b

Am Bm



mf



*Chord names derived from bass figure.

Verse 1:

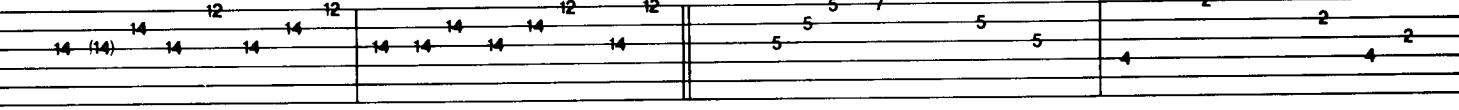
A

Am(9) F#m

You know that I would be un - true.— You

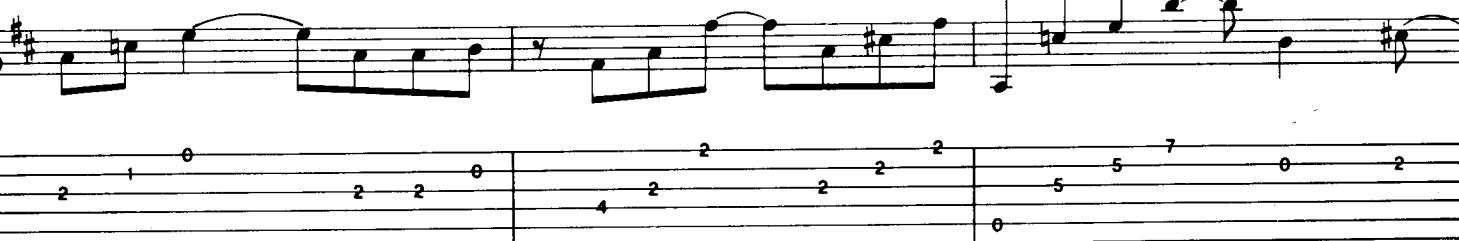
Gtr.

hold ----- *hold throughout* *mp*



Am F#m Am(9)

know that I would be a liar— if I was to say to you,—



F#m Am(9) F#m Chorus:
G A

girl, we could - n't get much high - er.
Come on ba - by, light my fire.

mf

(2) 2 2 | 0 | (2) 2 2 2 | 2 3 5 5 |
A 4 2 4 | 0 | B 2 4 4 | 5 4 6 5 |

D Dsus4 D G A D B G D

Come on ba - by, light my fire.
Try to set the night on

(3) 3 3 3 | 7 8 7 5 8 | 7 7 4 7 | 3 3 3 0 7 7 7 |
T 2 2 2 2 | 0 8 9 | 7 7 | 3 3 3 0 7 7 7 |
A 0 0 | 0 8 | 5 6 | 4 4 4 0 7 7 7 |
B 0 | 9 | 6 5 | 5 6 | 5 5 6 |

E E7 Am(9) F#m

fire. The time to hes - i - tate is through. No

mp

0 0 3 | 0 0 3 | 5 5 7 5 0 2 | 2 2 2 2 |
T 0 0 | 0 0 | 5 5 | 0 2 | 4 4 2 2 |
A 2 1 1 2 | 0 | 0 2 | 4 4 2 2 |
B 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

Am F#m Am(9) F#m

time to wal - low in the mire.
Try now we can on - ly lose,
and our

0 0 0 2 | 2 2 2 | 0 0 2 2 2 | 2 2 2 |
T 2 2 | 0 | 0 2 | 4 4 2 2 |
A 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

Am(9)

F#m

Chorus:

G

A

love be - come a fu - n'ral pyre. —

Come on ba - by, light my fire. —

mf

D Dsus4 D G A D B/D\$

Come on ba - by, light my fire. —

Organ solo:

Am

Bm

G D E

Try to set the night on fire! — Yeah! —

Guitar solo:

Am Bm

Rhy. Fig. 1 *w/Rhy. Fig. 1 (till end of solo)

Gtr. II Am
(kybd.)

Bm

Am Bm

68

Gtr. I

3 5 7 8 7 5 8 5 (5) 8 7 8 7 5 8 5

*Keyboard improvises on figure.

Am Bm Am Bm Am Bm Am Bm
 (5) 0 2 3 2 0 3 0 (1) 5 5 7 8 7 (7) 8 7 5 8

Am Bm Am Bm Am Bm Am Bm Am Bm
 7 8 7 5 7 7 6 7 5 7 5 6 7 5 6 7 5 6 7 5 6 7

Am Bm Am Bm Am Bm Am Bm Am Bm
 5 5 7 8 5 7 7 5 7 8 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 5 7

Am Bm Am Bm Am Bm Am Bm Am Bm
 8 5 8 5 8 5 8 5 8 5 8 5 8 5 8 5 8 5 5 3 3

Am Bm Am Bm Am Bm Am Bm Am Bm
 3 5 3 5 3 5 5 5 (5) 0 1 (1) 3 1 3 1 0 3 1 3 1 0

Am Bm Am Bm Am Bm Am Bm
 2 4 2 0 2 2 4 2 0 2 2 4 2 0 2 2 4 2 0 2 5 7

Am Bm Am Bm Am Bm Am Bm
 (5) 7 8 7 8 7 5 8 5 (5) 8 5 7 (7) 8 7 5 7 8 7 5
 T A B

Am Bm Am Bm Am Bm Am Bm
 5 8 5 7 8 7 8 (8) 5 7 8 7 5 7 5 5 (5) 5 7 7 7 5
 T (5) A (5) B

Am Bm Am Bm Am Bm Am Bm
 5 8 5 (5) 7 8 7 5 7 5 7 8 7 5 7 5 8 7 5
 T (5) A (5) B

Am Bm Am Bm Am Bm Am Bm
 8 7 5 5 7 8 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 5 8 5 7 5 8 5
 T A B

Am Bm Am Bm Am Bm Am Bm
 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 5
 T A B

Am Bm Am Bm Am Bm Am Bm
 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 5
 T A B

Am Bm Am Bm Am Bm Am Bm
 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 5
 T A B

Am Bm Am Bm Am Bm Am Bm
 8 8 8 8 (8) 5 8 8 8 (8) 5 7 7 7 7 (7) 5 5 7 5 7
 T A B

Am Bm Am Bm Am Bm

T A B 7 5 7 5 7 5 | 7 5 7 8 7 5 | 8 7 5 | 8 7 5 | 8 7 5 |

Organ arr. for Gtr.

G D F B♭ E♭ A♭

T A B 12 12 14 12 15 13 12 14 12 | 14 14 13 15 13 15 12 13 12 | 13 15 13 13 15 13 12 15 13 |

Gtr.

hold throughout

T A B 3 3 2 3 3 | 1 1 6 6 | 11 12 13 5 |

A

The

T A B 14 14 14 14 17 14 14 | 14 14 17 14 17 14 17 |

T A B 5 6 7 6 5 5 | 6 6 7 7 5 5 |

Verse 2:
Am(9)

F#m

Am

time to hes - i - tate is through... No time to wal - low in the mire.

Gtr. I

mf

5 7 5 2 (2) 2 2 2 2 0 0 0 2
A B

F#m

Am

F#m

Try now we can on - ly lose, and our

(2) 2 2 0 0 2 2 2 4 2 4 2
A B

Am(9)

F#m

Chorus:

G A

love be - come a fu - n'ral pyre. Come on ba - by, light my fire.

D Dsus4 D G A D B

Come on ba - by, light my fire.

P.M. -----

2 3 2 3 3 3 4 2 2 3 2 2 11 14
A B

G D E E7

Verse 4:
Am7

Try to set the night on fire! _____ Yeah!_ You know that I would be un - true._

F#m Am7 F#m Am7

You know that I would be a liar _ if I was to say to you, _

F#m Am7 F#m G A

girl, we could-n't get much high - er. Come on ba - by, light my fire. _

D Dsus4 D G A D Dsus4 D F C

Come on ba - by, light my fire. _____ Try to set the night on fire. _

D Dsus4 D F C D Dsus4 D F C

Try to set the night on fire. Try to set the night on fire.

D Dsus4 D F C D

Try to set the night on fire!

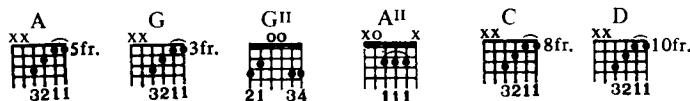
Organ arr. for Gtr.
 G D F B_b E_b A_b
 Free time A

Gtr.

L.A. Woman

Words & Music by The Doors

© Copyright 1971 Doors Music Company, USA. All rights for the United Kingdom, Northern Ireland & Eire controlled by Rondor Music (London) Limited, 10a Parsons Green, London SW6. All Rights Reserved. International Copyright Secured.



Free time

Gtr. I

slowly gliss.

Fast rock $\text{♩} = 168$

N.C.(A)

14

Gtr.

II A

*Rhy.
Fig. 1
mf

*Consider Rhy. Fig. 1 a mode! for
improvisation when used throughout
the song.

(end Rhy. Fig. 1) w/Rhy. Fig. 1

Verse 1:
w/Rhy. Fig. 1 (4½ times)

Well I just got in - to town a - bout an ho - ur a - go - .

I took a look a - round see which way the wind blows.

With a lit - tle girl in a Hol - ly - wood bun - ga - low - .

Are you a luck - y lit - tle la - dy in the cit - y of light? -

w/Rhy. Fig. 2 (2 times, see below)

GII

The musical score consists of five staves. The top staff is for the vocal part, featuring lyrics and rhythmic patterns. The second staff is for the guitar, with a tablature below it showing fingerings (e.g., 7 6 7, (5), (5)). The third staff is for the vocal part, continuing the lyrics. The fourth staff is for the guitar, with a tablature below it showing fingerings (e.g., (5) 6 7, 0 2 4, 0 2 4 0 2 4). The fifth staff is for the vocal part, concluding with the lyrics "Whoa! Come on!".

Or just an - oth - er lost an - gel? — Cit - y of night, — cit - y of night...

T A B 7 6 7 (5) (5)

AII GII A (cont. in notation)

Cit - y of night,— cit - y of night... Whoa! Come on!

Guitar solo
w/Rhy. Fig. 1 (6 times)
A

T A B (5) 6 7 0 2 4 0 2 4 0 2 4 (2) 0 2 4

T A B 0 2 4 4 (4) 2 2 4 4 2 4 4 (4) 2 2 4 (2) 0 2 4

T A B (8) 5 5 5 7 (7) 5 7 7 7 (7) 5 5 (5) 5 7 5 7 7 9 (9) 9 9 9 10 10 10

Rhy. Fig. 2 (Gtr. II)



Verse 2:
w/Rhy. Fig. 1 (4 times)

L. A.— wo - man,

L. A.— wo - man.

L. A. wo - man Sun-day af - ter - noon...



L. A. wo - man Sun-day af - ter - noon._



L. A. wo - man Sun-day af - ter - noon,_ drive through your sub-urbs in to your

(cont. in slashes)

w/Rhy. Fig. 2 (2 times)

blues.

In - to your blues.

Yeah!

In - to your

blue, blue_ blue,

in - to your blues.

Oh _____

yeah!

Piano solo
w/Rhy. Fig. 1 (4 times)

Interlude:

Rhy. Fig. 3 -----

Both gtrs.

*Play 4 times

A

G

A

G

I

15

*Vocal enter last time.

w/Rhy. Fig. 3 (8 times)

A G A G A G A G

See your hair is burn - ing;—

A G A G A G A G

hills are filled with fire. If they

w/Rhy. Fill 1 A G A G A G A G

say I nev - er loved you, you

A G A G A G A G

know they are a li - ar.—

A G A (Both gtrs.) G A G A G

Driv - in' down your free way,—

A G A G A G A G

mid - night al - leys roam.

A A G A G A G A G

Cops in cars, the top-less bars,— nev - er saw a wom-an —

w/Rhy. Fig. 2

G^{II} A^{II}

so a - lone, so a - lone.—

Rhy. Fill 1 (Gtr. I)

3

hold -----+ hold -----+ hold -----+ hold -----+ hold -----+ hold -----+

T 2 2 0 0 0 % 2 2 0 0 0 2 2 2 0 0 0

G

So a - lone, so a - lone. —

A

w/Rhy. Fig. 1

Mo - tel mon - ey, mur - der mad - ness,

a-change the mood from glad — to sad - ness.

Half time
Gtr. I (Gtr. II out)
N.C.(Am)

accel. *poco* *a* *poco* - - -

Mis - ter Mo - jo ris - in'.

Mis - ter Mo - jo ris - in'.

Gtr.
I



accel. *poco* *a* *poco* - - -

A musical score for two guitars (Gtr. I and Gtr. II) over a 12-bar blues progression. The top staff (Gtr. I) shows chords with fingerings: 1, (7), 5, 7, 7, 7, 5, (7), 7, 7, 5, 7. The bottom staff (Gtr. II) shows chords with fingerings: 7, 7, 5, 7, 7, 7, 5, (5), 5, 5, 3, 5. The progression follows a standard 12-bar blues pattern.

Gtr.
II

A musical staff for a guitar (Gtr. II). It consists of a rhythmic pattern of eighth and sixteenth notes. The first measure is mostly rests. The second measure begins with a sixteenth note followed by eighth notes.

accel. *poco* *a* *poco* - - -

A musical score for two guitars (Gtr. I and Gtr. II) over a 12-bar blues progression. The top staff (Gtr. II) shows chords with fingerings: 5, 5, 3, 5, 5, 5, (5), 5, 5, 3, 5. The bottom staff (Gtr. I) shows chords with fingerings: 7, 7, 5, 7, 7, 7, 5, (5), 5, 5, 3, 5. The progression follows a standard 12-bar blues pattern.

Mis - ter Mo - jo ris - in'.

Mis - ter Mo - jo ris - in'.

Got - ta

A musical staff for a guitar (Gtr. I). It features a melodic line consisting of eighth and sixteenth notes. The first measure shows a series of eighth-note chords. The second measure begins with a sixteenth note followed by eighth notes.

A musical score for two guitars (Gtr. I and Gtr. II) over a 12-bar blues progression. The top staff (Gtr. I) shows chords with fingerings: 1, 7, (7), 7, 7, 5, 7, 5, 7, 7, 5, 7. The bottom staff (Gtr. II) shows chords with fingerings: 7, 7, 5, 7, 7, 7, 5, (5), 7, 7, 5, 7. The progression follows a standard 12-bar blues pattern.

A musical staff for a guitar (Gtr. I). It features a melodic line consisting of eighth and sixteenth notes. The first measure shows a series of eighth-note chords. The second measure begins with a sixteenth note followed by eighth notes.

A musical score for two guitars (Gtr. I and Gtr. II) over a 12-bar blues progression. The top staff (Gtr. I) shows chords with fingerings: 7, 7, 5, 7, 7, 5, 7, 7, 5, 7, 7, 5. The bottom staff (Gtr. II) shows chords with fingerings: 5, 7, (7), 5, 7, 7, (7). The progression follows a standard 12-bar blues pattern.

keep on ris - in'. _____

Mis - ter Mo - jo_ ris - in'. _____

Mis - ter

The musical score consists of three staves. The top staff is a treble clef vocal line. The middle staff is a guitar tablature with two strings (A and B) showing fingerings and time signatures (1/4, 1/2, 1/4). The bottom staff is another guitar tablature with two strings (A and B) showing fingerings and time signatures (1/4, 1/4).



Mo - jo ris - in'. ____

Mis - ter Mo - jo ris - in'. ____

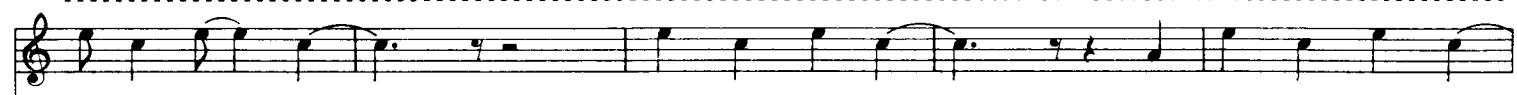
Got - ta



Bass tablature for a 12-bar blues progression. The strings are labeled A (top) and B (bottom). Fingerings are shown above the strings: 7, 5, 7, 5, (7), 5, 7, 5, 5, 7, 5, (5). Rests are indicated by vertical dashes.



Bass tablature for a 12-bar blues progression. The strings are labeled A (top) and B (bottom). Fingerings are shown above the strings: (5), 7, (7), 5, 7, 5, (5), 7, (7), 5, 7, (7), 5. Rests are indicated by vertical dashes.



keep on ris - in'. ____

Right in, right in. ____

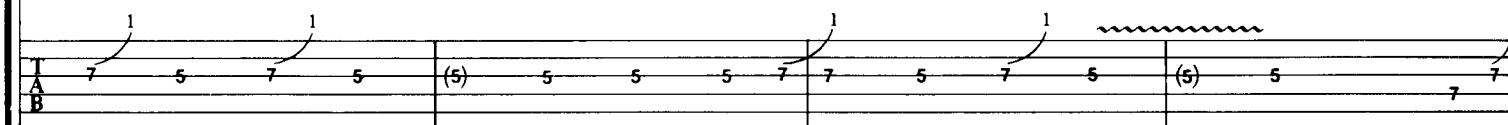
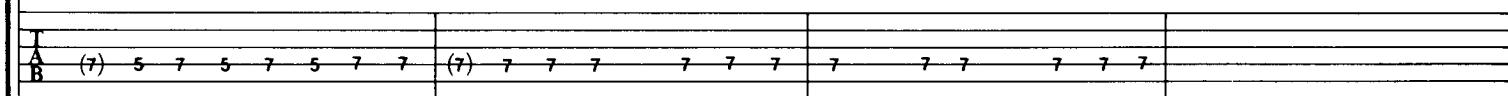
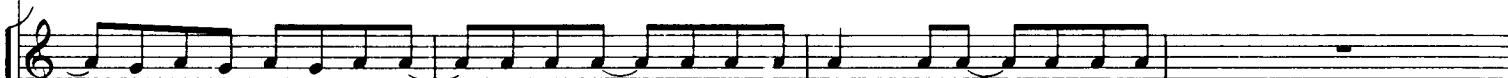
Goin' right in, right in. ____



Bass tablature for a 12-bar blues progression. The strings are labeled A (top) and B (bottom). Fingerings are shown above the strings: 7, 7, 5, 5, 7, 5, 7, 5, 5, 7, 5, 5, x. Rests are indicated by vertical dashes.



Bass tablature for a 12-bar blues progression. The strings are labeled A (top) and B (bottom). Fingerings are shown above the strings: (5), 7, (7), 5, 7, (7), 5, (5), 5, 5, 5, 7, 5, 5, 5, 5. Rests are indicated by vertical dashes.

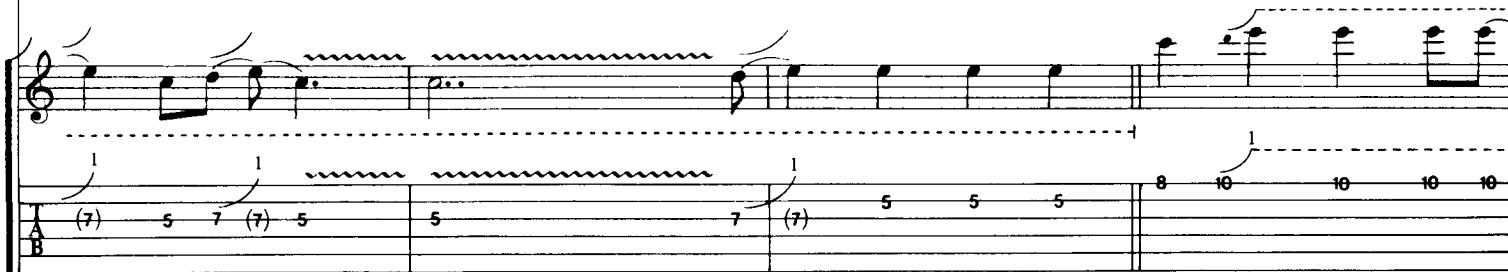


$\text{J} = 168$

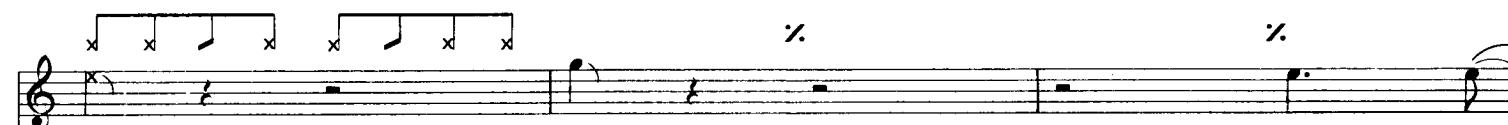
Gtr. ^{*C}
II x x x x x x x x



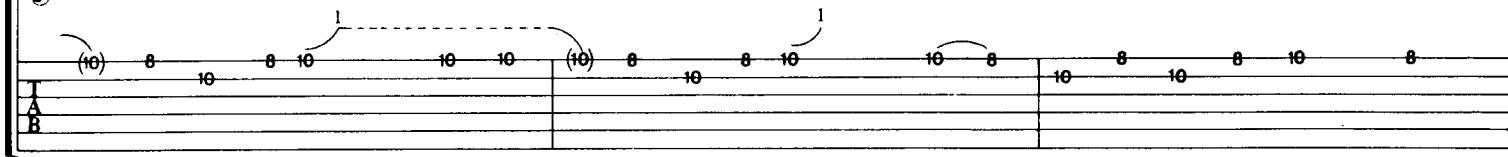
Babe, right in, right in. I got - ta whoa, yeah.



*Chords derived from kybd. and bass.



Right. Oh, yeah. _____



D

w/Rhy. Fig. 1
A

A

Well,

Verse 3:
w/Rhy. Fig. 1 (4 times)

just got in - to town a - bout an hour a - go.

1/2

Took a look a - round me which way the wind blows.

1/2

You're my wo - man.

My lit - tle L. A. Wo - man.

1/2

1

Yeah, my L. A. Wo - man,

'ay 'ay,

come on, come on.

L. A. Wo - man come on.

Fade out

1/2

With a lit - tie girl in a Hol - ly - wood bun - ga - low... Are you a

luck - y lit - tle la - dy in the cit - y of light? Or just an -

w/Rhy. Fig. 1 (1st 3 bars only)

w/Rhy. Fig. 2 (2 times)

G

oth - er lost an - gel? Cit - y of night...

hold -----

(5)

4
5
5
3

A

G

Cit - y of night... Cit - y of night...

----- 4

hold -----

5 (5)
6 (6)

5 (5)
6 (6)

4 4

w/Rhy. Fig. 1 (2 times)

A

Cit - y of night...

Whoa!

Come on!—

A

(4) 5

6
7
5

(6)
(7)
(5)

0 2 4 0 2 4 0

1

Verse 3:
w/Rhy. Fig. 1 (until fade)

L. A. Wo - man,—

1/2

(2) 0 2 4 0 2 4 4

~~~~~

~~~~~

2 (2)

L. A. Wo - man.—

L. A. Wo - man.—

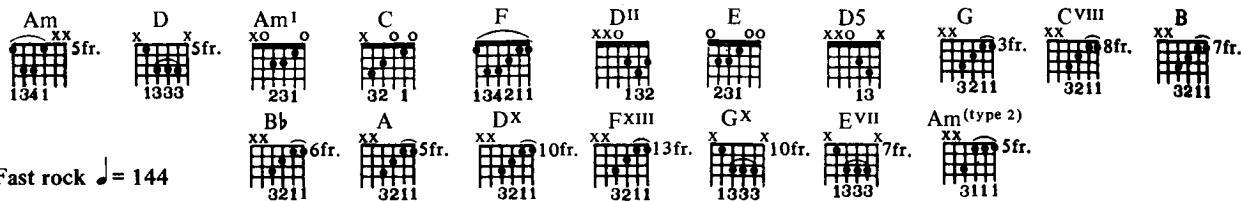
hold

hold

Love Her Madly

Music by The Doors. Words by Robbie Krieger

© Copyright 1971 Doors Music Company, USA. All rights for the United Kingdom, Northern Ireland & Eire controlled by Rondor Music (London) Limited, 10a Parsons Green, London SW6. All Rights Reserved. International Copyright Secured.



Intro: Am
Gtr. Rhy. Fig. 1

(end Rhy. Fig. 1)

mf w/out pick

String fingering chart for Gtr. I:

T: 0 0 0 0 0	1 1 1 1 0	2 2 0 0 0	2 2 2 2 2	0 0 0 0 2
A: 1 1 1 1 0	2 2 2 2 0	2 2 2 2 2	2 2 2 2 2	0 0 0 0 2
B: 2 2 x x x	2 2 x x x	2 2 x x x	2 2 x x x	0 0 x x x

Gtr. II Am

(Acous.)
Rhy. Fig. 1A

(vocal enter 2nd time)

Verse 1:
w/Rhy. Fig. 1A (2 times)

*Piano arr. for Gtr.

String fingering chart for Gtr. II:

T: 1 3 5 3	2 4 5 4	1 3 5 5	2 4 5 5	1 3 5 5
A: 2 2 2 2	2 2 2 2	2 2 2 2	2 2 2 2	0 0 0 2
B: 2 2 2 2	2 2 2 2	2 2 2 2	2 2 2 2	0 0 0 2

Lyrics: Don't you love her mad - ly? A - don't you

*Piano arr. for Gtr.

D

String fingering chart for Gtr. II:

T: 1 3 5 3	2 4 5 4	1 3 5 5	2 4 5 5	1 3 5 5
A: 2 2 2 2	2 2 2 2	2 2 2 2	2 2 2 2	0 0 0 2
B: 2 2 2 2	2 2 2 2	2 2 2 2	2 2 2 2	0 0 0 2

Lyrics: need her bad - ly? Don't you love her ways? A - tell me

hold -----

w/Rhy. Fig. 1A
Am

Gtr. III
(Elec. Am^I
12 stg.) \diamond

C
 $\diamond\dots$

F
 $\text{F}^{\#}$

String fingering chart for Gtr. III:

T: 1 3 5 3	2 4 5 4	1 3 5 5	2 4 5 5	1 3 5 5
A: 2 2 2 2	2 2 2 2	2 2 2 2	2 2 2 2	0 0 0 2
B: 2 2 2 2	2 2 2 2	2 2 2 2	2 2 2 2	0 0 0 2

Lyrics: what you say. A-don't you love her mad - ly? Wan - na

hold -----

hold -----

F D Am
 ♫ Gtr. II ♪
 be her dad - dy? A - don't you love her face? Don't you

1 1 1 1 | 7 7 7 7 | 1 3 5 3 | 1 3 1 1 |
 A 2 3 3 0 | 7 7 7 7 | 2 2 4 2 | 2 4 2 2 |
 B 3 3 0 0 | 7 7 7 7 | 2 2 4 2 | 2 4 2 2 |

E Am^I A Am^I
 love her as she's walk - ing out - the door? Like she did - one
 *(cont. in slashes)

Gtr. III

0 0 0 0 | 0 0 0 | 7 7 5 5 | 7 5 7 6 5 | 7 7 5 7 |
 A 2 2 2 1 | 1 1 1 0 | 7 7 7 5 | 7 5 7 6 5 | 7 7 5 7 |
 B 2 2 2 0 | 0 0 0 | 7 7 7 5 | 7 5 7 6 5 | 7 7 5 7 |

*Gtr. II double Gtr. I

w/Rhy. Fill 1 (Gtr. I) E Am D Am
 thous - and times be - fore. Don't you love her ways? A - tell me

Gtr. I

1 1 | 7 7 (7) 5 7 | 2 0 2 0 0 | 2 0 2 |
 A 7 7 5 7 | 7 7 (7) 5 7 | 3 1 3 1 1 | 3 1 3 3 |
 B 7 7 5 7 | 7 7 (7) 5 7 | 0 2 2 2 2 | 2 2 2 2 | 2 2 2 2 |

*Gtr. II

Rhy. Fill 1 (Gtr. I)

TABULATION:

	0	0	0						
T	1	1	1	8	(8)	8	9-7	5	
A	2	2	2	9	(9)				
B	0	0	0					7	5

E

what you say.

Don't you love her as she's walk - ing out - the door?
(cont. in slashes)

*Am E Am **D5

All your love,

all your love,

hold

Gtr. III

1/2

*Gtr. II double Gtr. I.

**Piano arr. for Gtr. II.

w/Fill 1

all your love,

all your love.

All your

Gtr. III

Fill 1 (Gtr. II)

*Gtr. I G C^{VIII} B ^{① open}
 love is gone, — so sing a lone - ly song —
 *Gtrs. II & III tacet.
 A D^x F^{XIII} D^x G^x E^{VII}
 deep blue dream. — Sev - en hor - ses seem, to be on the
 Am(type 2) Kybd. solo
 mark.
 C F *Am^I
 don't you love her? — Yeah _____
 C D^{II}
 Don't you
 Am E *Am E Am
 love her as she's walk - ing out - the door?
 Gtr. III
 (cont. in slashes)
 Gtr. IV
 1 1
 *Gtrs. I & II
 w/Rhy. Fig. 1 (2 times)
 Coda Am
 mark.
 Gtr. IV
 8 5

This musical score is for a guitar ensemble, consisting of four guitars (I, II, III, IV) and keyboard. The score includes vocal parts and various performance techniques indicated by symbols like 'x' and 'o'. The key signature changes frequently, including G major, C major, B major, A minor (type 2), F major, D major, E major, and Am major. The time signature is mostly common time. The score features several sections: 'love is gone,' 'deep blue dream,' 'Kybd. solo,' 'mark.' (with a fermata), 'don't you love her?' (with a fermata), 'love her as she's walk - ing out - the door?' (with a fermata), and a 'Coda Am' section. The 'Gtr. III' part continues in slashes. The 'Gtr. IV' part has tablature at the bottom. The score also includes a 'w/Rhy. Fig. 1 (2 times)' section.

Guitar solo
w/Rhy. Fig. 1 (2 times)

Dm Dm7sus2 Dm Dm7sus2
w/Rhy. Fig. 1
Am

*Am^(type 2) C^{VIII} F^{XIII} D^X

1/4 1/4 1/4 1/4

10 10 8 5

8 5 8 5 8 5

8 5 8 5 8 5

*Gtrs. I & II until fade.

Am^(type 2)

Well don't you

Riff A -----

w/Riff A (until fade)

love her mad - ly?

Ah don't you love her mad - ly?

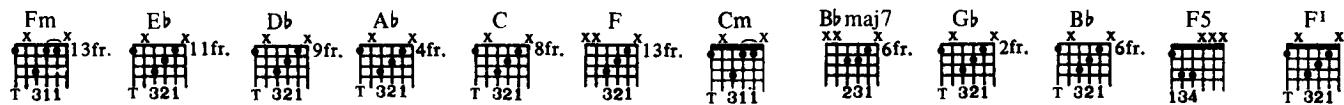
Ah don't you love her mad - ly?

Fade out

The Crystal Ship

Words & Music by The Doors

© Copyright 1967 Doors Music Company, USA. All rights for the United Kingdom, Northern Ireland & Eire controlled by Rondor Music (London) Limited, 10a Parsons Green, London SW6. All Rights Reserved. International Copyright Secured.



Moderately

Verse 1:

Fm

Cm7

Bb

Gtr. I

*hold -----

*For each chord change, hold notes throughout the bar(s).

Gb

F

Bb

C

oth - er kiss,—

an - oth -

er

flash

- ing

chance _____

at -

Rhy. Fig. 1

(end Rhy. Fig. 1)

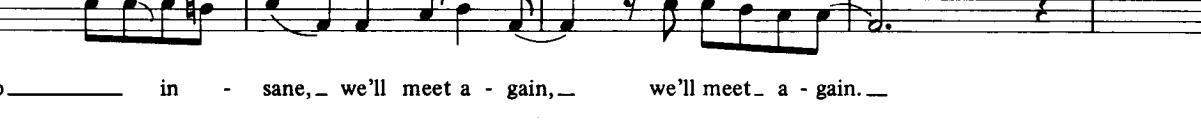
bliss,— an - oth - er kiss,— an - oth - er kiss.—

Bbmaj7 G^b F B^b

close me in__ your gen - tle rain. — The time you ran was

T A B

6	7	6		2	2	2	2	2	2	7	7	7	7	6
8	7	7	7		3	5	3	3	3	3	8	8	8	8
				2	1	1	1	1	1					

C Bb F Eb F Eb F


Piano solo
Fm

Dynamic markings: **F**, **E♭**, **hold-**

Fingerings: **⑥1fr.**, **⑥3fr.**, **④3fr.**, **④3fr.**

Fm D_b A_b E_b ⑥8fr. C C ⑥8fr. C C

Verse 3:
Fm Cm Bbmaj7 G_b

tell me where your free-dom lies,— the streets are fields— that nev - er die. De -

hold - hold - hold - hold -

T 13 13 8 8 6 6 2 2
A 13 13 8 8 7 7 3 3
B 15 15 10 10 7 7 4 4
Guitar Chords: 13 15 8 6 7 2 3 4

w/Rhy. Fig. 1 F B_b C F E_b

liv - er me from rea - sons— why— you'd rath - er cry.—

⑥13fr. F F ⑥13fr. F F ⑥13fr. F

F E_b hold -

I'd rath - er fly.—

Verse 4:
Fm

The cry - stal ship— is

Cm ⑥6fr. B_b Bbmaj7 ⑥6fr. B_b Bbmaj7 ⑥2fr. G_b G_b

hold - hold -

be - ing— filled.— A thou - sand girls,— a thou - sand thrills.— A

F ⑥6fr. B_b B_b ⑥6fr. B_b B_b C B_b

hold -

mil lion ways to spend — your —

F5 E_b F5 F1

time — when we get back — I'll — drop a line. —

rit.

Five To One

Words & Music by The Doors

© Copyright 1968 Doors Music Company, USA. All rights for the United Kingdom, Northern Ireland & Eire controlled by Rondor Music (London) Limited, 10a Parsons Green, London SW6. All Rights Reserved. International Copyright Secured.

Moderately

Drums & bass

N.C.

3

Gtr. I

Riff A

"Yeah, come on. Love my girl. She lookin'
good. Come on, one more..."

f

Verse 1:

w/Riff A (3 times)

Five to one ba - by, one in five.

No one here gets

out a - live now. You get yours ba - by, I'll get mine.

Gon - na' make it ba - by if we try.

The

Gon - na' make it ba - by if we try.

1/2 1/2

1

Verse 2:

N.C.

old get old and the young get strong - er. May take a week and it

1/2

1/2

Verse 3:
N.C.

The musical score consists of three staves of music in common time. The first staff begins with a treble clef, followed by a key signature of one sharp (F#). The lyrics are: "Your ball-room days are ov - er ba - by. Night_ is draw - ing near._". The second staff begins with a treble clef, followed by a key signature of one flat (B-flat). The lyrics are: "Shad - ows_ of the ev - 'ning ____ crawl a - cross the years. ____". The third staff begins with a treble clef, followed by a key signature of one sharp (F#). The lyrics are: "You walk a - cross the floor_ wit da _ flow - er in your hand; ____ Try 'na tell me no - one_". Measure numbers 5 and 3 are indicated above the music.

This sheet music page contains two staves. The top staff is for the lead vocal, which includes lyrics and dynamic markings like "8va" (an octave higher) and "mf" (mezzo-forte). The bottom staff is for the guitar, with tablature indicating fingerings such as "1", "19", "20", and "17". The music consists of four systems (measures 1-16, 17-32, 33-48, 49-64). The vocal part features a mix of eighth and sixteenth-note patterns, while the guitar part uses a combination of open and barred chords. The overall style is reminiscent of a blues or soul song.

*Lead vocal ad lib. on "Get together one more time."

8va

Musical notation for electric guitar, featuring a treble clef and a six-string guitar neck. The top staff shows a melodic line with various note heads and stems. The bottom staff is a tablature (TAB) showing the fingerings for each string. The TAB includes numerical values (e.g., 1, 19, 17, 19, 19, 19) and parentheses indicating different fingerings (e.g., (19), (17)). The strings are labeled T, A, B from left to right.

Freely

8va

Spoken: "Hey come on honey, you go along home and wait for me baby, I'll be there in just a

T 19 19 17 17 17 19
A 19 19 17 17 17 19
B 19 19 17 19 19

(19) 17 17 19 19 19 17 20 20 (20) 17 21 (21) 20 17 20 (20) 20 17 19 19 (19) 17 17 19 19 19 17 20 (20) 17 19

8va

little while. You see, I got to go out in this car with these people..."

loco

(19) (19) x-19-17-19 17 17 19 19 (19) 17 19 17 19 (19) 17 17 19 17 18 0 5 5 7 5 8 (7) 5 7 (7) 5 7

T
A
B

get to - geth - er got - ta get to - geth - er got - ta.

8va

1 1
19 19 (19) 17 20 17
20 (20) 19 17 19 19 19 17 19 17 19 19 19

T A B

8va - - - - - 1 *loco*

Spoken: "Take you up in the mountains and... ha, ha, ha. I love my girl.

1 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2

T 17 19 19 19 17 7 7 5 7 5 7 7 5 7 5 7 5

A B 19

Fade out

She's lookin' good, lookin' real beautiful.

I love ya, come on..."

T 1 7 (7) 5 7 (7) 5 7 (7) 5 7 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1 7 (7) 5 7

B 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 5 7 7 (7) 7 7 7 (7) 5 7

Roadhouse Blues

Words by Jim Morrison. Music by The Doors

© Copyright 1970 Doors Music Company, USA. All rights for the United Kingdom, Northern Ireland & Eire controlled by Rondor Music (London) Limited, 10a Parsons Green, London SW6. All Rights Reserved. International Copyright Secured.

Moderate shuffle ($\text{♩} \text{♩} = \text{♩}^{\text{3}} \text{♩}$) $\text{♩} = 108$

Intro: N.C.(E7)
Gtr. I

Sheet music for guitar, measures 3-8. Treble clef, 4/4 time, one sharp key signature. Dynamics: *f*, 3. Measures 3-7 show eighth-note patterns with slurs and grace notes. Measure 8 starts with a single note 'A' followed by a measure of 'B'.

The image shows two staves of sheet music for a six-string guitar. The top staff is a treble clef staff with a key signature of three sharps. It features a continuous eighth-note melody with several grace notes indicated by small stems and dots. The bottom staff is a bass clef staff with a key signature of one sharp. It shows a harmonic bass line consisting of sustained notes on the first, third, and fifth strings, with a 5-7 bass line underneath. Fingerings are marked above the notes: '5-7' over the first two groups of notes and '5-7' over the last two groups.

Verse 1:
N.C.(E7)

A musical score for piano, featuring two staves. The top staff uses a treble clef and the bottom staff uses a bass clef. Both staves are in common time and have a key signature of four sharps. Measure 11 begins with a rest followed by a sixteenth-note pattern of B, A, C, and B. Measure 12 begins with a quarter note G, followed by eighth-note pairs (B, A) and (C, B), and concludes with a half note G.

A - keep your eyes on the road, your hands up - on the wheel.

Sheet music for guitar, measures 3-7. The top staff shows a treble clef, a key signature of two sharps, and a 3/4 time signature. The bottom staff shows a standard six-string guitar neck with fret markings. Measure 3 starts with a sixteenth-note grace note followed by eighth-note pairs. Measure 4 continues with eighth-note pairs. Measure 5 begins with a sixteenth-note grace note followed by eighth-note pairs. Measure 6 begins with a sixteenth-note grace note followed by eighth-note pairs. Measure 7 begins with a sixteenth-note grace note followed by eighth-note pairs.

A musical score for piano, featuring two staves. The top staff uses a treble clef and the bottom staff uses a bass clef. Both staves are in common time and have a key signature of three sharps. Measure 11 begins with a rest followed by a series of eighth-note chords. Measure 12 continues this pattern of eighth-note chords.

Keep your eyes on the road, your hands up - on the wheel.

The image shows two staves of sheet music for guitar. The top staff is in treble clef and has a key signature of four sharps. Measure 3 starts with a quarter note followed by eighth-note pairs. Measure 4 consists of eighth-note pairs. Measure 5 starts with a quarter note followed by eighth-note pairs. The bottom staff is in bass clef and shows the fretboard with fingerings: measure 3 has notes at 0, 2, 0, 2, (2), 0, 0, 2; measure 4 has notes at 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0; measure 5 has notes at 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0. Measure 6 starts with a quarter note followed by eighth-note pairs.

Yeah, we're goin'— to the road - house gon - na have a real old _____ a good time._____

3 3
 1/2

T	0	2	0	2	(2)	0	0	2	2	(2)	2	0	0	2	0	3	(3)	0	0	0	1	2	
A	0	2	0	2	(2)	0	0	2	2	0	0	2	0	0	2	0	3	(3)	0	0	0	1	2
B	0	2	0	2	(2)	0	0	2	2	0	0	2	0	0	2	0	3	(3)	0	0	0	1	2

Yeah in back of the road - house they got some bun - ga - lows.

x 5 5 x 5 5 x 5 5 x 3 3
x 7 7 x 7 7 x 7 7 x 1 1
x 6 6 x 6 6 x 6 6 x 2 2

3

Yeah, in back of the road - house they got some bun - ga - lows... 3

And that's for the peo - ple who like to go down slow. _____

3

3

Chorus:
N.C.(A7)

Let it a - roll, ____ ba - by roll. ____ Let it a - roll, ____ ba - by roll. ____

Rhy. Fig. 1

— Let it a - roll, ____ ba - by roll. ____

Let it a - roll, ____

B

C B

Guitar solo
N.C.(E7)

all — night long. —

Spoken: "Do it, Robbie, do it."

(end Rhy. Fig. 1)

A musical score for guitar featuring a treble clef staff with six sharps and a bass staff. The treble staff has a continuous melodic line with various slurs and grace notes. The bass staff provides harmonic support with sustained notes and rhythmic patterns. Below the staffs is a tablature for a six-string guitar, showing fingerings and string numbers (e.g., 1, 12, 14) above the strings. The tablature includes labels 'A' and 'B' at the beginning.

The image shows a musical score for guitar. The top part is a standard staff notation with a treble clef, a key signature of two sharps, and a time signature of common time. It features a continuous eighth-note melody. The bottom part is a tablature for a six-string guitar, showing the fingerings and string names (A, D, G, B, E) for each note. The tablature includes a 'hold' instruction with a dashed line and a bracket, indicating a sustained note or a break in the eighth-note pattern.

Musical score for the first staff (Treble clef) in 2/4 time with a key signature of three sharps. The score consists of two systems of four measures each. Measures 1-4 show eighth-note patterns with '3' under them. Measures 5-8 show eighth-note patterns with '3' under them. Measures 5-6 have a fermata over the notes. Measure 7 has a fermata over the notes. Measure 8 ends with a 'hold 4' instruction.

Sheet music for guitar in G major (three sharps) and common time. The top staff shows a melodic line with various note heads and stems. The bottom staff is a tablature for a six-string guitar, showing fingerings and string numbers (A, B, D, E, G, B). The tablature indicates the following notes from left to right: 0 (A), (4) (B), 4-2 (D), 0 (E), 2 (G), - (B), - (E), 7 (G), 2-0 (B), (4) (D), 4-2 (E), (0) (G), 0 (B), 2 (E).

w/Rhy, Fig. 1 (14 times)

thrill _ my soul, al - right. Roll, roll, roll, roll a -

through my soul _ *de got - ta peep - a con - cha choo - chom, paw conk conk, _ I goin' ta hay - cha coon - a may - cha,
 *Nonsense syllables.

ba baloo la hey chow, _ bow pa key chow ee - sown comp, _ yeah right. _____

3 Ash - en la - dy, _____ Ash - en la - dy, _____ give

up your vows. _____ Give up your vows. _____ Save our ci - ty, _____
 w/Rhy. Fig. 1 (1st bar only)

save our ci - ty, _____ right now.

E7 Verse 2:

Well I woke up this morn - ing I got_ my - self a beer. _____

T 7 5
A 6 0
B 7 7 | x 7 5
x 6 6 || x 7 7 | 5 7 | x :| x :

Yeah, I woke up this morn - ing and I

3

(2)

x 5	5				
x 6	6				
x 7	7	0 2 0 2	(2) 0 2 0 (2)	x 3 3	5 7
				x 2 2	

got my - self a - beer.

The

fu -ture's un - cer-tain and the end is al - ways near.

Let it

Chorus:

w/Rhy. Fig. 1 (1st 7 bars only)

N.C.(A7)

roll, _____ ba - by roll. _____ Let it a - roll, _____ ba - by roll. _____

Let it a - roll, _____ ba - by roll. _____ Let it a -

B C C[#] D D[#] N.C.(E)

roll, _____ hey, all night long.

1

15

15 12

15 12 14

(14) 12 14

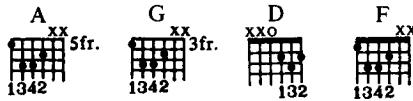
12 9 7

Twentieth Century Fox

Words & Music by The Doors

© Copyright 1966 Doors Music Company, USA. All rights for the United Kingdom, Northern Ireland & Eire controlled by Rondor Music (London) Limited, 10a Parsons Green, London SW6. All Rights Reserved. International Copyright Secured.

Moderate rock $\text{♩} = 116$



Intro: Gtr. I Rhy. Fig. 1

Veres 1 & 2:
w/Rhy. Fig. 1 (2 times)

1. Well she's fash-ion - a - bly lean,
2. See additional lyrics
(end Rhy. Fig. 1)

and she's fash-ion - a - bly late.

She'll nev - er

rank a scene,

she'll nev - er

break the date.

A

G

D

F

But she's no drag just watch the way she walks..

w/Rhy. Fill 1 (1st time)
w/Rhy. Fill 2 (2nd time)

E

E7

Chorus 1 & 2:

A

V

V

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

-

Guitar solo
*A7

Sheet music for a guitar solo in the key of A7. The top staff shows a single note on the first string. The bottom staff shows a sixteenth-note pattern with fingerings: 8, 5, 8, 8; 0, 7, (7), 5, 7, 5; and 7, 5, 7, 5, 7, 5, 7. A bracket labeled "grad. bend 1/2" spans the first two groups of notes.

*Chord names derived from organ & bass parts.

Sheet music showing four chords: A, G, F, and D. The top staff has a sustained note followed by eighth-note patterns. The bottom staff shows fingerings: (7), 5, 7, 5; 8, 7, 5; 5, 8; 5, 6, 7; 5, 6, 7; 5, 7, 6; 5, 7, 6; 5, 8.

Sheet music showing chords E, A, and D. The top staff has a sustained note followed by eighth-note patterns. The bottom staff shows fingerings: (8), 5, 5, 6, 8, 10, 10, (10); 8, 10, 1, 10, (10), 8, 12, (12); 13, 12, 13, 12, 12. A bracket labeled "hold" spans the last two groups of notes.

Sheet music for a guitar solo. The top staff shows chords A, D, A, D, A, E7, and a section labeled "D.S. al Coda". The bottom staff shows fingerings: 13, 12, 13, 12, 16, 17, (17), 17, 17, 19, 17, 19, (19), 17, 19, 17, 19, 17, 19, 19, 19. A bracket labeled "8va" spans the middle section of the bottom staff.

She's the

Verse 2:

She's the queen of cool
And she's the lady who waits
Since her mind left school it never hesitates
She won't waste time on elementary talk.

Chorus 2:

'Cause she's a Twentieth Century Fox
She's a Twentieth Century Fox
Got the world locked up inside a plastic box.

Riders On The Storm

Words & Music by The Doors

© Copyright 1971 Doors Music Company, USA. All rights for the United Kingdom, Northern Ireland & Eire controlled by Rondor Music (London) Limited, 10a Parsons Green, London SW6. All Rights Reserved. International Copyright Secured.

Moderately Verses 1 & 4:

Elec. Piano, Drums Substitute w/Rhy. Fig. 1 (2nd time)
N.C.(Em) *Em

Intro:

13

%%

The score shows two staves. The top staff is for Gtr. I in Am, marked '13'. It has a 'mf w/vib. effect' dynamic. The bottom staff is for a keyboard in N.C.(Em). The lyrics 'Riders on the storm, riders on the storm.' are written below the staves. A note at the bottom states: '*Chords derived from Kybrd. part.'

Am

Em

The score continues with two staves. The top staff is for Gtr. I in Am, and the bottom staff is for a keyboard in Em. The lyrics 'to this house were born, in - to this world were thrown. Like a' are shown. Fingerings '1/4' are indicated above the keyboard staff.

The score continues with two staves. The top staff is for Gtr. I in Am, and the bottom staff is for a keyboard in Em. The lyrics 'dog with-out a bone an act - or out on loan. Ri - ders on the storm. 2. There's a' are shown. Fingerings '1/4' are indicated above the keyboard staff.

Verse 2:

The score continues with two staves. The top staff is for Gtr. I in Am, and the bottom staff is for a keyboard in Em. The lyrics 'kill - er on the road; his brain is squirm-ing like a toad. Girl you got - ta love your man. Take' are shown. Fingerings '1/4' are indicated above the keyboard staff.

Rhy. Fig. 1

The score continues with two staves. The top staff is for Gtr. I in Am, and the bottom staff is for a keyboard in Em. The lyrics 'Rhy. Fig. 1' are shown. Fingerings '1/4' are indicated above the keyboard staff.

Am

Em

a long hol - i - day;
Take him by the hand;

let your child-ren play.
make him un - der stand.

If you
The

D

C

Em

2nd time to Coda I

give this man a ride, sweet
world on you de-pends, our

fam - i - ly will die.
life will nev - er end.

Kill - er on the road.
Got - ta love your man.

Yeah. _____

(end Rhy. Fig. 1)

Guitar solo

Em

1/2

1/2

Am

1/4

Em

D

C

Em

D.S. al Coda I

hold -----|

2. Girl you

Elec. Piano solo

*Rhy. Fig. 2

N.C.(Em)

(Play 24 times)

Coda I

12 12 14 14 15 15 14 14 0
12 12 14 14 15 15 14 14 0
12 12 14 14 16 16 14 14 2

2

*Use Rhy. Fig. 2 as a model for improvisation throughout this section.

Em

D.S.S. al Coda II

0 0 2 2 3 (3) 3 0 2 2 0 0 0 2 2 3 (3) 3 0 2 0 0

(Em)

Coda II

Guitar solo

(3) 0 3 0 0 11 0 11 9 7 0 11 (11) 0 11 11 9 7 0 (3) 7 6 (6) 4

1/2

1

1

(4) 6 (6) 4 6 4 2 4 (4) 4 (4) 4 4 4 4 4 2 4 4 2 4

Ri - ders on the storm. _____

Ri - ders on the storm. _____

1/2

(4) 4 4 2 4 (4) (4) 11 9 7 0 11

Ri - ders on the storm.

T A B

Ri - ders on the storm.

T A B

Free time

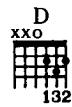
hold -----+ hold -----+ hold -----+ hold -----+

T A B

Break On Through

Words & Music by The Doors

© Copyright 1966 Doors Music Company, USA. All rights for the United Kingdom, Northern Ireland & Eire controlled by Rondor Music (London) Limited,
10a Parsons Green, London SW6. All Rights Reserved. International Copyright Secured.



Moderately fast ♩ = 168

Intro :

Drum beat

3

Gtr. I

N.C.

Riff A

KATA

Drum Beat 3

Bass line: T-A-B

Treble clef staff: f

Fretboard markings: 12, 2, 0, 2, 2, 0, 2, 0, 2

Verses 1,2,3:

1. You know the day des - troys the night,—
2. We chased our pleas - ures here,—
3. *See additional lyrics*

night di - vides _ the day.
dug our treas - ures there.

Can you

3. See additional lyrics

Guitar tablature for the first section of the solo, starting at measure 12. The tab shows a repeating pattern of eighth-note chords: B (2), A (2), G (0), D (2). The neck position is indicated as 12th fret. The tablature is on six strings, with the top string being the 6th string and the bottom string being the 1st string.

Chorus:

N.C.

Tried to run,— tried to hide.— Break on through— to the oth - er side.—
still re - call,— time we cried?—

tried to hide. —
time we cried? —

Break on through to the other

side. —

Guitar tablature for Riff B. The top staff shows a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. The bottom staff shows a standard six-string guitar neck with fret numbers. The tablature consists of two measures followed by a repeat sign, then a measure of eighth-note chords, and finally a measure of eighth-note chords.

Riff B

2 2 | 2 2 2 | 0 0 0 | 0 3 0 | 1 2 0 1 2 | 0 2 0 2 0 2

To Coda ♩

1.

2.

Break on through_ to the oth - er side._ **Break on through_ to the oth - er side,_yeah.**

(end Riff B)

The image shows a musical score for guitar. The top staff is a treble clef staff with sixteenth-note patterns. The bottom staff is a bass staff with eighth-note patterns. The score consists of four measures separated by vertical bar lines. The first measure starts with a quarter note followed by a sixteenth-note pattern: B, A, G, F#; C, B, A, G; D, C, B, A; E, D, C, B. The second measure starts with a quarter note followed by a sixteenth-note pattern: E, D, C, B; F, E, D, C; G, F, E, D; A, G, F, E. The third measure starts with a quarter note followed by a sixteenth-note pattern: A, G, F, E; B, A, G, F#; C, B, A, G; D, C, B, A. The fourth measure starts with a quarter note followed by a sixteenth-note pattern: D, C, B, A; E, D, C, B; F, E, D, C; G, F, E, D. The bass staff below shows corresponding eighth-note patterns: measures 1-2: B, A, G, F#; C, B, A, G; D, C, B, A; E, D, C, B. Measures 3-4: A, G, F, E; B, A, G, F#; C, B, A, G; D, C, B, A.

Organ solo
w/Riff A (8 times)

8

w/Riff A (2 times)

Oh! ____ Ev - ery - bod - y — loves my

ba - by. —

She gets.

She gets.

D.S.  al Coda

w/Riff A (2 times)

2

She gets.

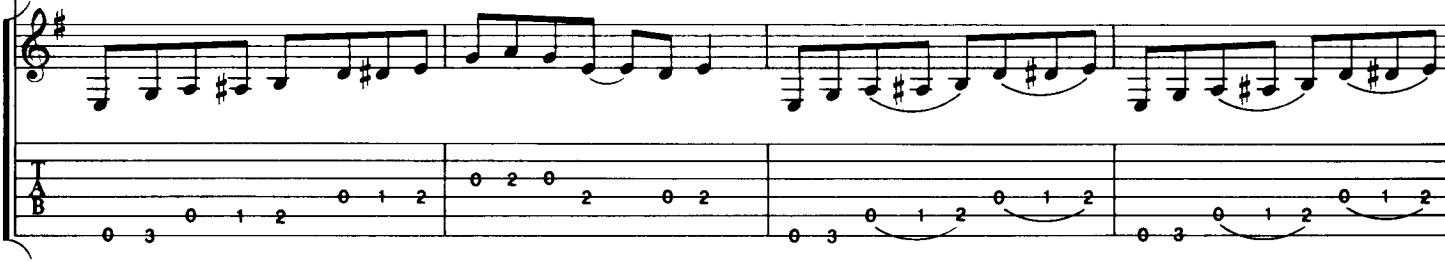
Yeah. _____

3. I found an

Coda N.C.

Break on through oh!

Oh yeah! _____



The first section of the sheet music consists of two staves. The top staff is for organ solo, featuring a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time. The bottom staff is for guitar, showing a standard six-string guitar neck with fret numbers 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5. Below the guitar staff is a tablature grid with four columns, each corresponding to a measure. The grid shows fingerings (e.g., 0, 2, 0) and string numbers (A, B, G, D, E, F#).

E7#9

Rhy. Fig. 1

(end Rhy. Fig. 1)



The second section of the sheet music features a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time. It includes two staves: a treble staff with eighth-note patterns and a bass staff with sixteenth-note patterns. Below the bass staff is a tablature grid with four columns, each corresponding to a measure. The grid shows fingerings (e.g., 15, x, 15) and string numbers (E, B, G, D, A, E).

Verse 4:

w/Rhy. Fig. 1

Made the scene, — week to week, — day to day, — hour to hour. —

D

w/Riff B
N.C.

Gate is straight, — deep and wide. — Break on through — to the

oth - er

side. —

Break on

through —

to the oth - er

side. —

Break on through... Break on through... Break on through...

B 0 3 0 1 2 0 2 0 3 0 1 2 0 2 0 3 0 1 2 0 2

Break on through... Yeah, yeah, yeah, yeah,

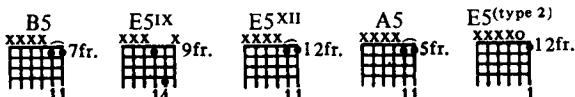
yeah, yeah, yeah, yeah.

Verse 3:
I found an island in your heart,
A country in your eyes.
Arms that chain, eyes that lie.

People Are Strange

Words & Music by The Doors

© Copyright 1967 Doors Music Company, USA. All rights for the United Kingdom, Northern Ireland & Eire controlled by Rondor Music (London) Limited, 10a Parsons Green, London SW6. All Rights Reserved. International Copyright Secured.



Moderately

N.C.

Verse 1:
Em

A7(no 3rd)

Peo - ple are strange_ when you're a stran - ger, fa - ces look ug - ly

Gtr. I

f

hold ----- | *hold* ----- | *hold* ----- |

B (Em)

A7(no 3rd)

when you're a - lone._

Wo - men seem wick - ed

when you're un - want - ed,

streets seem un - ev - en

B (Em)

Chorus:

B7

G5

Substitute w/Fill 1 (2nd time)
(B7)

when you're down. When you're strange,

fa - ces come out_ of the rain -

when you're strange...

(2nd time)

hold ----- |

hold ----- |

1/2

Fill 1

B5 G5 Substitute w/Fill 2 (2nd time)
(B7) B5

No - one re - mem - bers your name _ when you're strange _ when you're strange _

1/2

Verse 2: (Piano solo 2nd time)*
E5IX E5XII

when you're strange. — Peo - ple are strange, —
*Guitar plays same rhy. part 2nd time for piano solo. (Vocal rests).

A5 E5XII A5 E5XII A5 E5(type 2)

when you're a stran - ger, fac - es look ug - ly when you're a - lone. —

E5XII A5 E5XII A5 2nd time to Coda
E5IX

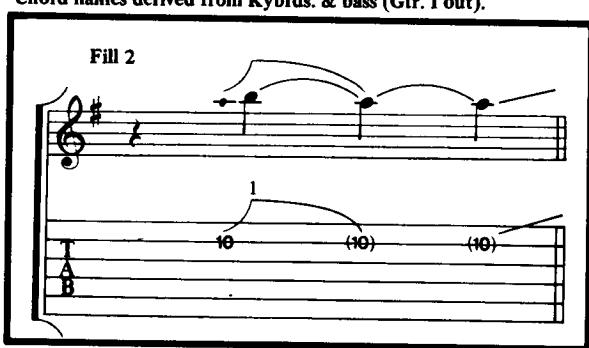
Wo - men seem wick - ed, when you're un - want - ed, streets are un - ev - en —

A5 E5IX *B7 Em

— when you're down. —

1/2 3 3 1 1/2 15 12 14 15 12 14 (14) 12 14

*Chord names derived from Kybrds. & bass (Gtr. I out).



B7

Em

0 0 3 5 0 3 5 1 1 1/2 (5) 5 0 3 5 3 0 2 1 2 0 2 0 2 0 2 0
12 14

D.S. al Coda

Coda E5IX EXII B7

G5

When you're

When you're strange, _____ fac - es come out _ of the rain. _

hold -----+ hold -----+

B7

G

B7

When you're strange,

no-one re - mem - bers your name. _

When you're strange, _

hold -----+ hold -----+ hold -----

when you're strange, _

when you're

strange. _

rit.

1½

rit.

*w/trem. bar

1½

hold

*Gradually pull up on bar.

Hello, I Love You

Words & Music by The Doors

© Copyright 1968 Doors Music Company, USA. All rights for the United Kingdom, Northern Ireland & Eire controlled by Rondor Music (London) Limited, 10a Parsons Green, London SW6. All Rights Reserved. International Copyright Secured.

Moderately

Drum fill

*A

G

N.C.

w/Riff A (5 times)

A

G

N.C.

Hel -

Gtr. I

Riff A

w/fuzz distortion

*Chord names derived from Kybrd. part.

A

G

N.C.

A

G

N.C.

lo,

I love you, won't you tell me your name?—

Hel - lo,

I love you, let me jump in your game.—

Hel -

A

G

N.C.

A

G

N.C.

lo,

I love you, won't you tell me your name?—

Hel - lo,

I love you, let me jump in your game.—

She's

Verse 1:

A

G

A

G

A

G

A

G

walk - ing down the street, —————

blind to ev - 'ry eye she meets.—

Do you

A

G

A

G

A

G

A

G

think you'll be the guy —————

to make the queen of the an - gels sigh?—

Hel -

Chorus:

w/Riff A (4 times)

A G N.C.

lo, I love you, won't you tell me your name? _____ Hel -

A G N.C. A G

lo, I love you, let me jump in your game. _____ Hel - lo, I love you, won't you

N.C. A G N.C.

tell me your name? _____ Hel - lo, I love you, let me jump in your game. _____ She

Verse 2:

A G A G A G A G

holds her head so high; _____ like a stat - ue - in the sky. _____ Her

T B 5 5 3 5 5 7 5 5 7 7 8 8 7 7 8 8 10 10 12 12 10 10 12 12 14 14 12 12 10

arms are wick - ed and her legs are long. When she moves, my brain screams out this song. _____

T B 7 9 9 7 10 8 8 7 5 5 3 3 5 5 7 8 8 7 7 5 5 3 5 5 3 3 3 (3) 4

N.C. Side - walk crouch - es at her feet, like a

T B 1 1 3 3 3 5 5 5 8 8 8 6

N.C. Side - walk crouch - es at her feet, like a

B_b A_b B_b A_b B_b A_b B_b A_b
 dog — that begs for some - thing sweet. — Do you hope to make her see you, fool? — Do you

T
 A
 B 8 8-10 10-8 8-6 8 8 8-6 8-10 10-11 11-13 13-11 11-10 10-8 8-6 6-8

B_b A_b B_b A_b B_b A_b B_b A_b
 hope to pluck this dus - ky jew - el? Hel - lo! Hel - lo! Hel - lo!

T
 A
 B 8-6 6-5 8 8-6 6 6 4 4 4 6 4 6 4

B_b A_b B_b A_b B_b A_b B_b A_b
 Hel - lo! — Hel - lo! — Hel - lo! — Hel - lo! —

T
 A
 B 6 4 6 4 6 5 6 5 4 1 4 5

Repeat ad lib. and fade
 A_b

B_b A_b B_b A_b B_b A_b B_b
 — Hel - lo! Hel - lo! Hel - lo! Hel - lo!

T
 A
 B 6 5 4 1 4 5 6 5 4 1 4 5 7 7 5 5 5 7 7 5 5 5 5

*Lead vocal ad lib. until fade.

Love Street

Words & Music by The Doors

© Copyright 1968 Doors Music Company, USA. All rights for the United Kingdom, Northern Ireland & Eire controlled by Rondor Music (London) Limited, 10a Parsons Green, London SW6. All Rights Reserved. International Copyright Secured.

Moderately $\text{♩} = 116$ (♩ - ♩ - ♩)

Intro: Gtr. I

Gtr. I Am

hold ----- 4 hold ----- 4 hold ----- 4

T 5 5 5 3 3 3 3 3 5 3 3 3

B

Verse 1:

Am

G

She lives — on Love Street...

F

hold ----- 4 hold ----- 4 hold ----- 4

T 1 2 1 1 2 5 5 5 3 3 3 4 3 3

B

Gm

F

Am

Lin - gers long — on Love Street... She has — a house...

Rhy. Fig. 1

hold ----- 4 hold ----- 4 hold ----- 4

T 3 3 5 3 1 1 1 5 5 7 5 5

B

G

Gm

F

— and gar - den, I would like to see — what hap - pens.

(end Rhy. Fig. 1)

hold ----- 4 hold ----- 4 hold ----- 4

T 3 3 3 3 3 5 3 3 3 1 2 1

B

Bm A Am G

Verse 2:

Am

G

Gm

F

She has robes_ and she has mon-keys, la - zy dia - mond stud-ded flun - kies.

hold -----+ hold -----+ hold -----+ hold -----+

5 5 3 3 3 3 3 3 1 1 1

Gm

Am

B \flat

Fmaj7

She ___ has wis - dom_ and knows what to do. _____

hold -----+ 3 3

hold -----+ 5 5

hold -----+ 6 6

hold -----+ 8 5 8 10

Gm

Fmaj7

B \flat

A5

A

A7

She has me and she has you. _____

hold -----+ 10 11 10 8 8 6 6 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5

hold -----+ 11 12 11 12 9 9 7 7 5 5 5 5 5 5 5

hold -----+ 6 7 6 7 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5

hold -----+ 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5

Piano solo

Bm A Am G

Bm A Am G

Am Bm C

She has wis - dom, — and knows what to do. —

Gmaj7 Am Gmaj7 C

She has me, and she

Verse 3:
*w/Rhy. Fig. 1 (3 times)

12

has you. 3. See additional lyrics (spoken verse)

12

hold ----- + hold ----- + hold ----- +

T 3 3 3 3 | 5 5 5 5 | 5 5 5 5 |
A 4 4 4 4 | 5 5 5 5 | 6 6 6 6 | 5 5 |
B 3 3 3 3 | 5 5 5 5 | 6 6 6 6 | 5 5 |

*Consider Rhy. Fig. 1 a model for improvisation.

Gm F C D Dsus2 D Dsus4

hold ----- + hold ----- + hold ----- +

T 3 3 3 3 | 1 1 1 1 | 0 0 0 0 | 2 2 2 2 | 0 0 0 0 | 3 3 3 3 | 3 3 3 3 | 3 3 3 3 |
A 3 3 3 3 | 2 2 2 2 | 0 0 0 0 | 2 2 2 2 | 0 0 0 0 | 3 3 3 3 | 3 3 3 3 | 3 3 3 3 |
B 3 3 3 3 | 2 2 2 2 | 0 0 0 0 | 2 2 2 2 | 0 0 0 0 | 3 3 3 3 | 3 3 3 3 | 3 3 3 3 |

Verse 4:

D Dsus2 D Bm A Am

She lives_ on Love Street_ A - ling-ers long _ on

(3) 2 0 2 | 7 9 7 7 | 5 5 5 6 | 5 5 5 5 | 5 5 5 5 | 5 5 5 5 | 5 5 5 5 | 5 5 5 5 |

(e) | 7 | 6 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 |

G Bm A Am

Love Street_ She has_ a house_ and gar - den. I would like to see_

(3) 3 3 | 7 7 7 6 | 5 5 5 | 5 5 7 | 5 5 5 | 5 5 5 |

(e) | 7 | 6 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 |

A


 la, la, la, la.
A5
 La, la — la,
G
 la, la, la, la.
Fade out

Verse 3: (Spoken)
I see you live on Love Street,
There's the store where the creatures meet.
I wonder what they do in there;
Summer Sunday and a year.
I guess I like it fine so far.

Spanish Caravan

Words & Music by The Doors

© Copyright 1968 Doors Music Company, USA. All rights for the United Kingdom, Northern Ireland & Eire controlled by Rondor Music (London) Limited, 10a Parsons Green, London SW6. All Rights Reserved. International Copyright Secured.

Rubato

*Fingerstyle

Badd11

Gtr. I

hold notes throughout

*p = thumb

i = index

m = middle

a = ring finger

C#m7b5

C

B(11)
(+5)

C(9)
(+11)

B(11)
(+5)

C N.C.

rit. -----

Gtr. II (Harpsichord arr. for Gtr.)

The sheet music consists of six staves, each with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The first staff contains a single measure of eighth notes followed by a repeat sign and a two-measure section. The second staff shows a repeating pattern of eighth-note pairs with 't' and 'm' markings. The third staff has tablature for the A and B strings. The fourth staff continues the eighth-note pattern. The fifth staff has tablature for the A and B strings. The sixth staff begins with a measure of eighth notes, followed by a section labeled 'B5' with a sixteenth-note pattern, then a section labeled 'C7' with a sixteenth-note pattern, and finally a section labeled 'hold' with a sustained note.

Tablature below the staves indicates fingerings and string numbers:

- Staff 1: 0 1 2 0 0
- Staff 2: 2
- Staff 3: 0 0 0 0 0 | (0) 0 0 0 0 0 | (0) 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
- Staff 4: 0 0 0 0 0 | (0) 0 0 0 0 0 | (0) 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
- Staff 5: 0 0 0 0 0 | (0) 0 0 0 0 0 | (0) 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
- Staff 6: 13 14 12 11 | 11 12 14 11 12 | 14 12 11 12 14 12 | 9 11 12 10 9 12
- Staff 7: (0) 0 0 0 0 0 | 7 9 10 7 9 10 | 7 9 10 7 9 10 | 3 2 3 2 3 2

B5

Am7

Sheet music for B5 and Am7 chords. The top staff shows a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The bottom staff shows a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp. The Am7 chord section includes fingerings: T 10, A 7, B 7; T 9, A 7, B 7; T 7 8, A 10, B 8, C 7; T 7, A 6, B 5; T 7, A 6, B 5.

Sheet music showing a sequence of chords. The first four measures are held notes. The bottom staff shows fingerings: T 3, A 2, B 3; T 2, A 4, B 4; T 2, A 4, B 4; T 5, A 5, B 5.

Sheet music for D, Gm7, C, and Fm7 chords. The top staff shows a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The bottom staff shows a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp. The Fm7 chord section includes fingerings: T 10, A 9, B 9; T 10, A 9, B 9.

Sheet music showing a sequence of chords. The first four measures are held notes. The bottom staff shows fingerings: T 7, A 7, B 7; T 5, A 3, B 3; T 3, A 5, B 5; T 1, A 1, B 1.

Sheet music for Bb, F#m7, and B chords. The top staff shows a treble clef and a key signature of one flat. The bottom staff shows a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp. The B chord section includes a melodic line starting at B 12.

Sheet music showing a sequence of chords. The first four measures are held notes. The bottom staff shows fingerings: T 3, A 3, B 3; T 2, A 2, B 2; T 2, A 4, B 5; T 4, A 4, B 2.

Verse 1:

Em

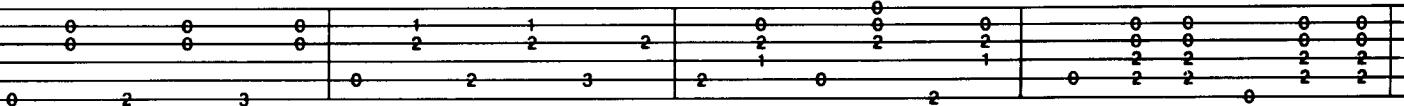
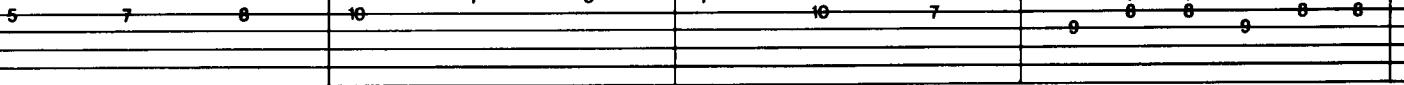
Am

B7

♪ ♪

Em

Car - ry me car - a - van, take me a. - way.

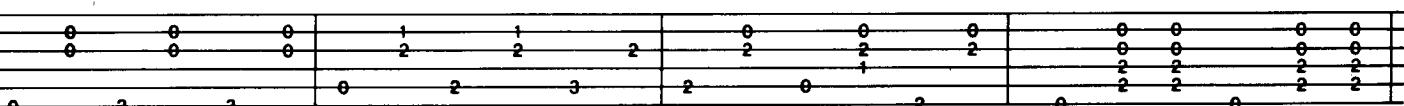
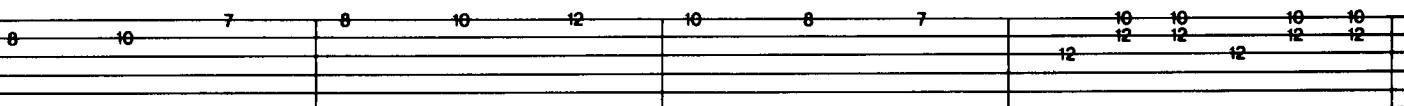


Am

B7

Em

Take me to Por - tu - gal, take me to Spain.



Am

Em

B7/F \sharp

Em

An - da - lu - si - a, with fields full of grain, —

Sheet music for the first section of the song. The vocal parts are in Am, Em, B7/F \sharp , and Em. The lyrics are "An - da - lu - si - a, with fields full of grain, —". The guitar tab shows fingerings (e.g., 10, 7, 8, 9) and 'hold' markings at the end of each measure.

Am

Em/B

B7add11/F \sharp

Em

I have to see you a - gain — and a - gain.

Sheet music for the second section of the song. The vocal parts are in Am, Em/B, B7add11/F \sharp , and Em. The lyrics are "I have to see you a - gain — and a - gain.". The guitar tab shows fingerings (e.g., 10, 12, 13, 12, 10, 12, 10, 12, 13, 12, 10, 12, 11, 12, 11, 9, 11, 12, 11, 9, 11, 12, 11, 12) and 'hold' markings at the end of each measure.

D7sus2

D7

Take me Span - ish car - a - van, yes I

 The sheet music consists of two staves. The top staff is for the voice, starting with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. It includes lyrics: "Take me Span - ish car - a - van, yes I". The bottom staff is for the guitar, showing fingerings and string names (A, B) above the strings. The guitar part features a rhythmic pattern of eighth and sixteenth notes. The music then transitions to a section labeled "Free time" with chords D7sus4, D7, D7sus2, and C. The vocal line continues with "know you can." The guitar part includes a trill and a sustained note. The final section shows a return to the original tempo with a melodic line and a concluding chord.

A tempo

N.C.(Em)
Gtr. III (Elec.)

fw/maximum fuzz tone

(B5)

A musical staff in G major with a treble clef. The melody consists of eighth notes. The bass line has tablature below it with the following notes: A 2, 4 5 2 4 5 | 2 4 5 2 4 5 | 2 4 5 2 5 3 | 2 2 2 2.

(C7)

(B5)

A musical staff in G major with a treble clef. The melody consists of eighth notes. The bass line has tablature below it with the following notes: A 2 2 3 3 | 3 3 2 2 2 2 | 7.

(Am7)

(D)

(Gm7)

(C)

(Fm7)

A musical staff in G major with a treble clef. The melody consists of eighth notes. The bass line has tablature below it with the following notes: 5 10 11 3 | 8 9 1.

(Bb)

(F#m7)

(B)

Verse 2:
N.C.(Em)

A musical staff in G major with a treble clef. The melody consists of eighth notes. The bass line has tablature below it with the following notes: 0 0 2 | 2 (2) 2 3.

Trade winds find

(Am)

(B7)

(Em)

(Am)

Gal - li - ans lost in the sea.

I know a trea - sure is

A musical staff in G major with a treble clef. The melody consists of eighth notes. The bass line has tablature below it with the following notes: 0 2 3 | 2 0 2 2 2 2 | 0 2 3 0 2 3.

(B7) (Em) (Am) (Em) (B7/F#)

wait - ing for me. Sil - ver and gold and the moun - tains of

Spain; I have to see you a - gain, and a - gain.

(D7)

Take me, Span - ish car - a - van, yes I know you can.

(C) (Bm)

—

79

Wild Child

Words & Music by The Doors

© Copyright 1969 Doors Music Company, USA. All rights for the United Kingdom, Northern Ireland & Eire controlled by Rondor Music (London) Limited, 10a Parsons Green, London SW6. All Rights Reserved. International Copyright Secured.

Moderate rock $\text{♩} = 84$

Intro: N.C.(Gm)

Verse 1:
w/Riff A (2½ times)

The score shows two staves. The top staff is for the vocal part, with lyrics "(1st x only) Al - right." and "Wild child,—" written below the notes. The bottom staff is for three guitars (I, II, III) in open G tuning. It features a repeating riff labeled "Riff A *Gtr. I". Fingerings like "0 0 2" and "3 0" are shown on the guitar strings. The tempo is Moderate rock $\text{♩} = 84$.

*Gtrs. I, II & III are in open G tuning: ⑥ = D ⑤ = G ④ = D ③ = G ② = B ① = D

This section continues the musical arrangement. It includes vocal parts with lyrics "full of grace,—" and "Your cool face...". The guitar parts feature "f w/slide hold" for Gtr. II, a "hold" for Gtr. III, and "Gtr. II w/slide" for Gtr. II. Fingerings like "14 14 14 14", "13 13 13 13", and "10 8 10 8 10 8 10 8" are indicated on the guitar staves. The vocal part ends with "N.C.(Gm)".

Verse 2:
N.C.(Gm)

This section continues the musical arrangement. It includes a vocal part with lyrics "Nat - u - ral child," and guitar parts featuring fingerings like "8 8 8 8", "8 8 8 8", and "10 8 10 8 10 8 10 8". The vocal part ends with "N.C.(Gm)".

ter - ri - ble child, not your moth-er's or your fath - er's child... You're

A

our child, scream - in' wild...
A

hold

N.C.(Gm)

A**b**

hold -----

N.C.(C7)

(Gm)

Musical score for G major section. The top staff shows a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a common time signature. The bottom staff shows a bass clef and a common time signature. The score consists of two measures. The first measure starts with eighth-note pairs followed by quarter notes. The second measure starts with eighth-note pairs followed by eighth-note chords. The key changes to C7 at the end of the second measure.

(G)

Musical score for G section. The top staff shows a treble clef and a common time signature. The bottom staff shows a bass clef and a common time signature. The score consists of two measures. The first measure has a single note followed by a rest. The second measure has a single note followed by a rest. The key changes to G at the beginning of the second measure.

Bridge:

Bb

C

Bb

hun - ger at her heels,

free - dom in her eyes,

she dan - ces on her knees,

Musical score for Bridge section. The top staff shows a treble clef and a common time signature. The bottom staff shows a bass clef and a common time signature. The score consists of two measures. The first measure has eighth-note pairs. The second measure has eighth-note pairs. The key changes to Bb at the beginning of the second measure.

C

Bb

A

i - rate prince at her side, —

star - ing —

Musical score for Bridge section continuation. The top staff shows a treble clef and a common time signature. The bottom staff shows a bass clef and a common time signature. The score consists of two measures. The first measure has eighth-note pairs. The second measure has eighth-note pairs. The key changes to A at the beginning of the second measure.

Ab

N.C.(Gm)

in - to the hol - low i - dol's eyes.—

hold -----+

hold -----+

Wild— child,— full of grace,— sav - ior of the hu - man race.—

Your true face,—

your true face,—

hold-----

your true face.—

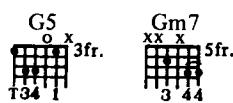
Spoken: "You remember when we were in Africa?"

Peace Frog

Words by Jim Morrison. Music by The Doors

© Copyright 1970 Doors Music Company, USA. All rights for the United Kingdom, Northern Ireland & Eire controlled by Rondor Music (London) Limited, 10a Parsons Green, London SW6. All Rights Reserved. International Copyright Secured.

Moderate rock $\text{J} = 112$



G5
Rhy. Fig. 1
Gtr.

(vocal enter 2nd time)

There's

(end Rhy. Fig. 1)

Veres 1 & 2:
w/Rhy. Fig. 1
G5

1. Blood in the streets, it's up__ to my an - kles.__
2. See additional lyrics.

Blood in the streets, it's up__ to my knee.
She came._

She

Blood on the streets, the town__ of Chi - ca - go.
She came._

Blood on the rise, it's fol - low - ing__ me.
came._

Chorus:

*Em

Just a - bout the break_ of day. _____ She came and then she

hold -----

*Chord names derived from organ & bass parts.

I.

G F#m A

drove_ a - way,_ sun - light in her hair. _____

1 3

2.

F#m A G#5

sun - light in her hair. _____

grad. bend 1/2 1

B N.C.(Em)

7 7

The image shows a musical score for a 12-bar blues in E minor. The top staff is a treble clef staff with a key signature of one sharp (F#). It features a 12-bar chord progression: E minor (Em) for the first three bars, followed by A major (A), D major (D), G major (G), C major (C), and F major (F#) for the remaining bars. The bottom staff is a six-string guitar neck diagram. The first three bars show a C major chord (E, G, B) with fingerings: bar 1 (1, 3, 3), bar 2 (2, 0, 3), and bar 3 (3, 0, 0). The next three bars show an F# major chord (C, E, G, B, D, F#) with fingerings: bar 4 (2, 0, 0), bar 5 (2, 0, 0), and bar 6 (2, 0, 0). The final three bars show a G major chord (D, F#, A, C, E, G) with fingerings: bar 7 (2, 0, 0), bar 8 (2, 0, 0), and bar 9 (2, 0, 0). The 10th bar shows an A major chord (E, G, B) with fingerings: (2, 0, 0). The 11th bar shows a D major chord (A, C, E, G, B, D) with fingerings: (2, 0, 0). The 12th bar shows an E minor chord (C, E, G, B) with fingerings: (1, 0, 0).

Guitar solo
G7

The image shows a guitar solo line on a staff with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The solo consists of six measures of eighth-note patterns. Below the staff is a six-string guitar neck diagram. The strings are labeled T (top), A, and B (bottom). Fret numbers 1 through 17 are marked on the strings. The first measure starts at fret 15 on the B string and moves up to 17. The second measure starts at 17 on the B string and moves down to 15. The third measure starts at 15 on the B string and moves up to 17. The fourth measure starts at 17 on the B string and moves down to 15. The fifth measure starts at 15 on the B string and moves up to 17. The sixth measure starts at 17 on the B string and moves down to 15.

Musical score for guitar. The top staff shows three chords: E♭ (two notes), C (two notes), and D7(3) (one note). The lyrics "the young child's fragile, egg - shell mind." are written below the chords. The bottom staff shows the guitar strings with fingerings: T 4, A 0, B 0 for the first chord; T 5, A 5, B 5 for the second chord; and T 3, A 0, B 0 for the third chord.

Verse 3:

G5

w/Rhy. Fig. 1 (2 times)

Blood on the streets. In the town of New Haven; blood stains the roofs and the palm trees of Venice.

Blood in my love in the terrible summer;
blood-y red sun of fan-tastic L.A.

w/Rhy. Fig. 1 (1st 3 bars only)

Blood screams her brain they chop off her fingers.
Blood 'll be born in the birth of a notion.
Blood is the rose of mys-te-ri-ous un-ion.

Yeah, blood in the streets, it's up to my ankles.

Blood in the streets, it's up to my knee.

Blood in the streets, the town of Chi-ca-go.
Blood on the rise, it's fol-low-in' me.

Segue to Blue Sunday

Blue Sunday

Words & Music by Jim Morrison

© Copyright 1970 Doors Music Company, USA. All rights for the United Kingdom, Northern Ireland & Eire controlled by Rondor Music (London) Limited, 10a Parsons Green, London SW6. All Rights Reserved. International Copyright Secured.

Rock ballad $\text{♩} = 76$

Intro Gtr. F

I 2 F
hold -----

Verse 1:

*F

D \flat 5

I found my own true love was on a blue Sun -
hold ----- hold ----- hold -----

*Chord names are derived from gtr., organ & bass parts.

C

F

day. She looked at me and told me

hold ----- hold ----- hold ----- hold -----

D \flat

C

B \flat 5

C

I was the on - ly one in the world,

hold ----- hold -----

B_b5 C Fmaj7

Chorus:
D_b

girl a - waits_ for me in ten - der_ time. —

B_b5 C B_b5 C N.C.

My girl is mine, she is the world, she is my

Fmaj7 Guitar solo

girl. La, la, la, la.

D \flat

C

B \flat maj7

Fmaj7

Chorus:
D \flat

My girl a - waits for

hold -----

me in ten - der time. —

My girl is mine,

hold +

B \flat 5 3 C rit. N.C.

she is the world she is my girl. —

hold ----- + hold + rit. -----

Soul Kitchen

Words & Music by The Doors

© Copyright 1966 Doors Music Company, USA. All rights for the United Kingdom, Northern Ireland & Eire controlled by Rondor Music (London) Limited, 10a Parsons Green, London SW6. All Rights Reserved. International Copyright Secured.

Moderately $\text{♩} = 108$

Intro: Organ & bass
3

Gtr. I

*A7

D

A7

D

mf grad. release

1

7

(7)

(7)

1

8

(8)

(8)

5

7

(7)

5

7

5

7

*Derived from organ & bass parts.

A7

D

A7

D

A7

D

A7

D

1

1

1

1

1

1

1

*Hammer w/3rd finger, w/out sounding open string.

A7

D

A7

D

A7

D

A7

D

Well the

Verse 1:

A7 $\#9$

D

A7 $\#9$

D

A7 $\#9$

D

A7 $\#9$

D

clock says it's time to close _____

now. —

Rhy. Fig. 1

I
(end Rhy. Fig. 1)

w/Rhy. Fig. 1

A7#9 D A7#9 D A7#9 D A7#9 D

guess I bet - ter go now. I'd

A7#9 D A7#9 D A7#9 D A7#9 D

real - ly like to stay here all night. The

cars crawl past all stuffed with eyes. Street lights shed their

A7 D A7 D A7 D A7 D

cars crawl past all stuffed with eyes. Street lights shed their

hol - low glow; your brain seems bruised with numb sur -prise.

(Bend both notes)

A7#9 D A7#9 D A7#9 D A7#9 D

hol - low glow; your brain seems bruised with numb sur -prise.

(Bend both notes)

Still one place to go,

A7#9 D A7#9 D A7#9 D A7#9 D

Still one place to go...

(Bend both notes)

still one place to go...

(Bend both notes)

Chorus:

A7 D E D E D

Let me sleep all night — in your soul — kit - chen,
hold — *hold* — *hold* — *hold* —

E D E D E D

warm my mind near your — gen - tle stove. — Turn me out and I'll wand -
hold — *hold* — *hold* — *hold* — *hold* — *hold* —

2nd time to Coda ♫

E D E

der ba - by. Stum-bling in the ne - on groves. Well your
hold — *hold* — *hold* —

Verse 2:
N.C. (Guitar tacet)

(A7) (D) (A7) (D) (A7) (D) (A7) (D) (A7) (D)

fin - gers weave quick mi na - rets, — speak - ing se - cret al - pha-bets. — I light an - oth - er
(A7) (D) (A7) (D) (A7) (D) (A7) (D) (A7) (D)

ci - ga - rette, — learn to for - get. — Learn to for - get. —

(A7) (D) (A7) (D) (A7) (D) (A7) (D) *D.S. \$al Coda*

Learn to for - get. — Let me

Coda E
 stum-bling in the ne - on groves. _____ Yeah, _____ hey! _____

Guitar solo A7 D

The sheet music consists of ten staves of musical notation for guitar. The first staff is a treble clef staff with lyrics. The second staff is a treble clef staff with tablature. The third staff is a bass clef staff with tablature. The fourth staff is a treble clef staff with tablature. The fifth staff is a treble clef staff with tablature. The sixth staff is a treble clef staff with tablature. The seventh staff is a treble clef staff with tablature. The eighth staff is a treble clef staff with tablature. The ninth staff is a treble clef staff with tablature. The tenth staff is a treble clef staff with tablature. The music includes chords A7 and D, and various performance instructions like 'hold' and 'loco'.

A7[#]9 D A7[#]9 D A7[#]9 D A7[#]9 D

Rhy. Fig. 2 Well the
 (end Rhy. Fig. 2)

w/Rhy. Fig. 2 (2 times)

A7[#]9 D A7[#]9 D A7[#]9 D A7[#]9 D

clock says it's time to close now. I

know I have to go now. I

real ly want to stay here all night. All night.

(Bend both notes) 1/2 1

A7[#]9 D A7[#]9 D Freely A5

All night!

(Bend both notes) 1/2

The sheet music consists of six staves. The top staff shows a treble clef and a key signature of two sharps. The second staff shows a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The third staff shows a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp. The fourth staff shows a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp. The fifth staff shows a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp. The sixth staff shows a bass clef and a key signature of one sharp. Chords indicated are A7#9, D, and A5. The music includes lyrics: "Well the", "(end Rhy. Fig. 2)", "clock says it's time to close now. I", "know I have to go now. I", "real ly want to stay here all night. All night.", and "All night!". There are various performance instructions like "Rhy. Fig. 2", "w/Rhy. Fig. 2 (2 times)", "Freely", and bending techniques indicated by arrows and numbers (1/2, 1). Fingerings are also shown above the strings.

Touch Me

Words & Music by The Doors

© Copyright 1968, 1969 Doors Music Company, USA. All rights for the United Kingdom, Northern Ireland & Eire controlled by Rondor Music (London) Limited, 10a Parsons Green, London SW6. All Rights Reserved. International Copyright Secured.



Moderately fast

Am

Intro: Gtr. Rhy. Fig. 1

f

Play 3 times

Verses 1 & 2:

$\frac{2}{4}$ G

Bm

Come on, come on, come on, now touch me babe.— Can't you see that

C
I am not a - fraid?—

E \flat

What was that prom - ise that you made?—

B \flat

hold ----- hold -----

Dm7

E \flat

G \flat

Why won't you tell me what she said?

What was that

hold ----- hold -----

Chorus:

G_b

◇

D_b

promise that you made?—

Now I'm gon-na

Fm G_b A_b D_b D_b6 D_b G_b

love you 'til the heav-en-s stop the rain.

Fm G_b A_b G_b D_b

love you 'til the stars fall from the sky for you and I.

2nd time to Coda ◇

D_b5 N.C.(Am) Am

Am9 Am Am9

D.S. al Coda

Come on,— come on, come on, come on now

Chorus:
Coda
G_b
(Gtr. out)

Fm G_b A_b D_b G_b

I'm gon-na love you 'til the heav-en-s stop the rain.

I'm gon-na

Fm G_b A_b G_b D_b G_b/D_b D_b

love you 'til the stars fall from the sky for you and I. —

D_b Gb/D_b D_b Gb/D_b

Sax solo
*w/Rhy. Fig. 1 (9 times)

Kybds. 2

Am

w/Rhy. Fig. 1
(1st bar only)

A5 G5 A5

Love Me Two Times

Words & Music by The Doors

© Copyright 1967 Doors Music Company, USA. All rights for the United Kingdom, Northern Ireland & Eire controlled by Rondor Music (London) Limited, 10a Parsons Green, London SW6. All Rights Reserved. International Copyright Secured.

Medium shuffle $\text{♩} = 126$ ($\text{♪♪} = \frac{\text{♩}}{2}$)

Intro: N.C.
Gtr. I

Gtr. 1

f

T	A	B	G	D	G	C
	2	0	2	2	0	0
	2					

(Play 3 times) Verse 1:

(Vocal enter last time) Love me two time ba - by. __ Love me twice to-day. __

Love me twice to-day.

Riff A

Sheet music for guitar in G major (three sharps) and common time. The top staff shows a melodic line with eighth and sixteenth notes, and the bottom staff shows the corresponding tablature. The tablature uses standard notation where '0' indicates an open string and '2' indicates a muted string. Fingerings are indicated above the notes, such as '1' and '2'. The first measure consists of two groups of three eighth notes each, followed by a sixteenth note. The second measure consists of two groups of three eighth notes each, followed by a sixteenth note. The third measure consists of two groups of three eighth notes each, followed by a sixteenth note. The fourth measure consists of two groups of three eighth notes each, followed by a sixteenth note.

A A7

N.C.

Love me two time girl.

I'm goin' a-way.—

A musical score for guitar featuring a treble clef, a key signature of two sharps, and a time signature of common time. The top staff shows a melodic line with various note heads and rests, some of which are marked with a circled 'b' or '(b)'. The bottom staff is a tablature for a six-string guitar, with the strings labeled A and B from top to bottom. The tablature includes fingerings above the strings and corresponding numbers below them, indicating the frets to be played.

D7sus2

Love me two times girl, _____

one for to - mor - row,

one just for to - day.

The image shows a musical score for guitar. The top part is a staff notation in treble clef, G major (two sharps), with a tempo of 120 BPM. It features a melodic line with various note heads, some with stems and some with dots, indicating grace notes or slurs. The bottom part is a tablature for a six-string guitar, showing fingerings (e.g., 0, 2, 3) and string names (E, B, G, D, A, E). The tablature includes markings such as 'hold' with a dashed line, a '1/2' note value, and a '3' above a bracket. The strings are labeled from left to right: E, B, G, D, A, E.

C7

G

D7sus2

C7

B7

N.C.

Love me two times, —

I'm goin' a - way, —

3 3

6 6 6 6 6 6 3 3 0 0 2 2 1 1 0 0
5 5 5 5 5 5 4 4 2 2 3 3 2 2 2 2
A B 5 5 5 5 5 5 0 0 3 3 2 2 1 1 0 0
B 5 5 5 5 5 5 0 0 3 3 2 2 1 1 0 0

Love me one time.

trill

0 1 0 0 1 0 2 2 2 2 0 0 0 0 0 0
A B 0 1 0 0 1 0 2 2 2 2 0 0 0 0 0 0
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

Verse 2:

0 1 0 0 1 0 2 2 2 2 0 0 0 0 0 0
A B 0 1 0 0 1 0 2 2 2 2 0 0 0 0 0 0
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

Love me one time...

trill

0 1 0 0 1 0 2 2 2 2 0 0 0 0 0 0
A B 0 1 0 0 1 0 2 2 2 2 0 0 0 0 0 0
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

A

N.C.

0 1 0 0 1 0 2 2 2 2 0 0 0 0 0 0
A B 0 1 0 0 1 0 2 2 2 2 0 0 0 0 0 0
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

Yeah, my knees got weak...

Love me two times... girl...

trill

5 5 6 6 (8) 0 0 2 2 0 0 0 0 0 0
A B 0 7 0 0 2 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

D7sus2

C7

last me all through the week.

hold

1/2

1/2

G D7sus2

C7

B7

Em7

Love me two times,—

I'm goin' a-way.—

G D7sus4

C7

B7

N.C.

Love me two times—

I'm goin' a-way.—

Oh yeah!—

Kybd. solo

N.C.

A A7

N.C.

hold - - - - -

T x 5 5 6 6 (8) 6 8 7
A x 6 6 7 7 | 2 2 2 0 0 0 2 2 2 0 2
B x 7 7 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2

The image shows a musical score for guitar. The top staff features five chords: G, D7sus2, C7, B, and N.C. (No Chord). The B chord is preceded by a fermata. The melody begins with a eighth-note rest followed by a sixteenth-note pattern. The bottom staff is a tablature showing the fingerings for each chord and the melodic line.

G D7sus2 C7 B N.C.

3 3 0 0 | 1 1 7 7 |
3 4 2 2 | 3 3 8 8 |
4 4 0 0 | 2 2 9 9 |
5 5 0 0 | 3 3 2 2 |
A B

Verse 3:
N.C.

A musical score fragment showing measures 11-12. The key signature is A major (three sharps). Measure 11 starts with a rest followed by a measure separator bar. Measure 12 begins with a measure separator bar, followed by a quarter note with a sharp sign, a eighth note with a sharp sign, a quarter note with a sharp sign, and a eighth note with a sharp sign. The measure ends with a measure separator bar.

Love me one time. —

A musical score for guitar featuring a treble clef, a key signature of four sharps, and a time signature of common time. The score consists of two staves. The top staff contains sixteenth-note patterns with grace notes and dynamic markings like 'tr' (trill) and 'p' (piano). The bottom staff is a tablature showing the fingerings for each note. The tablature uses a standard six-string guitar notation with 'A' at the top and 'E' at the bottom.

String	1	2	3	4	5	6
A	0	0	2	2	0	2
B	0	2	0	2	2	0
G						
D						
G						
E						

Could not speak.

Love me one time ba - by.

Sheet music for guitar in G major (three sharps) and common time. The music consists of two staves. The top staff shows a melodic line with various note values and dynamics (trills). The bottom staff is a tablature showing the fret positions for each note. The tablature uses a standard six-fret guitar neck diagram with vertical strings and horizontal frets. Fingerings are indicated above the notes in the tablature. The music concludes with a measure ending in 1/4 time.

N.C.

D7sus2

Yeah, my knees got weak._

Love me two time girl._

t wavy

t wavy

(s)

C7

G

D7sus2

Last me

all through the week.

Love me two times,_

hold --- 1/2 hold ----- 1/2

(0) 2 3 3 1 2 (1/3) 0 3 2

hold ----- 1/2

6 6 6 6 x 3 3 x 0 0

5 5 5 5 x 3 3 x 1 1

4 4 x 2 2 5 5 x 0 0

5 5 x 0 0 5 5 x 0 0

C7 B N.C.

I'm goin' a - way._

Love me two time babe._

A

A7

Love me twice to - day._

Love me two time babe,_

hold ----- 1

N.C.

D7sus2

'cause I'm goin' a-way.—

Love me two time girl,—

One for to-mor-row,

hold - - -

3
1/2

hold - - - - -

D7

C7

G

D7sus2

C7

B7

one just for to-day.—

Love me two times—

I'm goin' a-way.—

hold - - - - -

3 3

Em7

G

D7sus2

C7

B7

Em7

Love me two times—

I'm goin' a-way.—

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

3

Not To Touch The Earth

Words & Music by The Doors

© Copyright 1968 Doors Music Company, USA. All rights for the United Kingdom, Northern Ireland & Eire controlled by Rondor Music (London) Limited, 10a Parsons Green, London SW6. All Rights Reserved. International Copyright Secured.

Moderate rock $\text{♩} = 104$

N.C.(Dm)
Bass:

Gtr. I

The intro section starts with a bass line in D major (Dm) with a tempo of 104 BPM. The bass part consists of eighth-note patterns. Above it, a guitar part (Gtr. I) begins with a sixteenth-note riff. The music then transitions to a verse section.

Verse 1:
w/Riff A (7 times)

The first verse begins with a guitar riff (Riff A) in D major. The lyrics "Not to touch the earth, — not to see the sun, —" are sung over this riff. The music then shifts to a new section where the lyrics "noth - in' left to do but run, run, — run, — let's run. —" are sung. The guitar part features a rhythmic pattern of eighth and sixteenth notes.

Let's run. —

The music continues with a guitar riff. The lyrics "House up on the hill, moon is ly - ing still," are sung. The guitar part consists of eighth-note chords.

The final part of the verse begins with a guitar riff. The lyrics "shad - ows on the trees wit - ness-ing the wild breeze, come on ba-by, run - with me. Let's" are sung. The guitar part ends with a series of eighth-note chords.

⑤5fr.

D

Chorus:
N.C.(Gm)

run.

Run with me,

Riff B

3 3 3 6 6 6 5 5 5 4 4 4 3

(Fm)

(Gm)

run with me.

Run with me,

3 3

D5

N.C.(Em)

let's run.....

(end Riff B)

Riff C

w/Riff C (3 times)

The man - sion is warm at the top of the hill....

1
5 (5) 0 5 (5) 0

Rich are the rooms and the com-forts there.— Red are the arms of lux -
 w/Riff C (1st bar only) w/Fill 1

u - ri - ant chairs.— And you won't know a thing 'till you get in - side.—

Riff D Dead
 (end Riff D)

w/trem. bar

*Hammer on to notes w/out picking.

w/Riff D (2 times)

pres-i - dent's corpse in the driv - er's car,— the en - gine runs on glue and tar.— N.C.

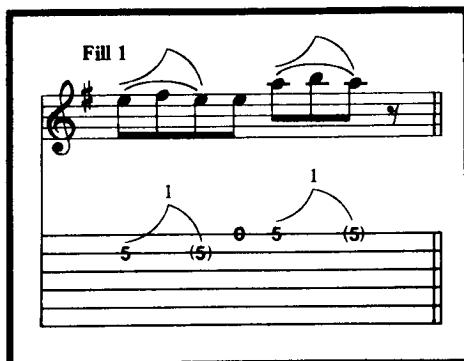
Come on a-long, not go-in' ver-y far; to the east,— to meet the Czar.—

Chorus:
N.C.(Am)

Run with me, run with me.

Riff E (end Riff E)

5 5 | 5 8 8 8 7 7 7 6 6 6 5 | 3 3 | 3 0 0 0 5 5 5 4 4 4 3



(Am)

N.C.(E5)

Run with me,

let's run.

N.C.(Fm)
Rhy. Fig. 1

(end Rhy. Fig. 1)

Whoa!

Some

T 5 5 5 5 5 :. :. :. :.

A 3 3 4 4 5 :. :. :. :.

B :. :. :. :. :. :. :. :.

w/Rhy. Fig. 1 (2 times)

out - laws live by the side of a lake; the min - is - ter's daugh - ter's in

love with a snake_ who lives in a well by the side of the road._

F5
 $\frac{1}{2}$
 ④3fr. ③5fr. ④3fr. ③5fr. ④3fr. ③5fr. ④3fr. ③5fr.
 F C F C F C F C

Rhy. Fig. 2
 w/trem. bar

Wake up girl,_ we're al - most home._

Fill 2

Gtr. II

(8) 13 13-15 13-15 13-15 (15)-13 15 15-13

(end Rhy. Fig. 2)

F5

1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2

④3fr. ④5fr. ④3fr. ④5fr. ④3fr. ④5fr. ④3fr. ④5fr.

F C F C F C F C

w/trem. bar w/Rhy. Fig. 2 (13 times) w/Fill 3

We should be in - side the ev - 'ning.'

8va ----- 1

Sun, sun, sun.-

(b-^b) 16 (16) 13 16 (16) 13 15 15 (15) 13 13 15 15

Burn, burn, burn.-

Soon, soon, soon.-

8va ----- 1

16 13 (12) 15 (15) 13

Fill 3 8va ----- 1

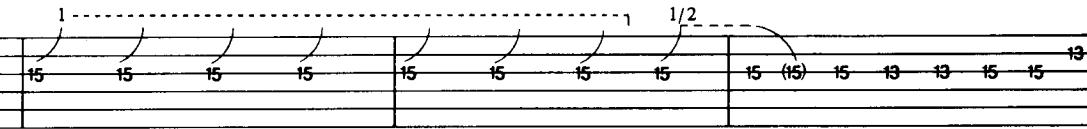
Gtr. II

15 15 15 16 16 16 15 15 17 17 17 17 (17) 15 15 17 15 17

Moon, — moon, — moon. — I will

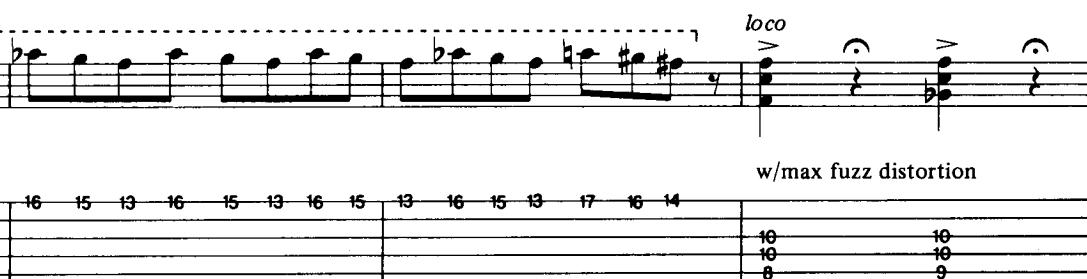


burn you — soon. — Soon,



Free time F5/G_b

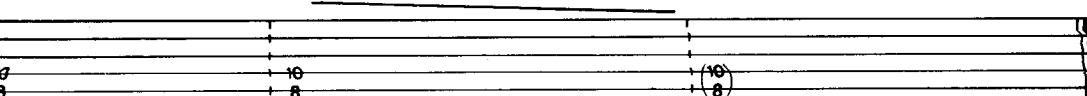
soon. —



F5 D_b[#]11 F5

Spoken: "I am the Lizard King,
I can do anything."

(ad lib. trem. bar effects, detuning strings, etc.)



GUITAR TAB GLOSSARY

TABLATURE EXPLANATION

READING TABLATURE: Tablature illustrates the six strings of the guitar. Notes and chords are indicated by the placement of fret numbers on a given string(s).

BENDING NOTES

HALF STEP: Play the note and bend string one half step.*

SLIGHT BEND (Microtone): Play the note and bend string slightly to the equivalent of half a fret.

WHOLE STEP: Play the note and bend string one whole step.

PREBEND (Ghost Bend): Bend to the specified note, before the string is picked.

WHOLE STEP AND A HALF: Play the note and bend string a whole step and a half.

PREBEND AND RELEASE: Bend the string, play it, then release to the original note.

TWO STEPS: Play the note and bend string two whole steps.

REVERSE BEND: Play the already-bent string, then immediately drop it down to the fretted note.

BEND AND RELEASE: Play the note and gradually bend to the next pitch, then release to the original note. Only the first note is attacked.

BENDS INVOLVING MORE THAN ONE STRING: Play the note and bend string while playing an additional note (or notes) on another string(s). Upon release, relieve pressure from additional note(s), causing original note to sound alone.

BENDS INVOLVING STATIONARY NOTES: Play notes and bend lower pitch, then hold until release begins (indicated at the point where line becomes solid).

UNISON BEND: Play both notes and immediately bend the lower note to the same pitch as the higher note.

DOUBLE NOTE BEND: Play both notes and immediately bend both strings simultaneously.

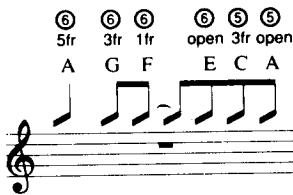
*A half step is the smallest interval in Western music; it is equal to one fret. A whole step equals two frets.

RHYTHM SLASHES



STRUM INDICATIONS:
Strum with indicated rhythm.

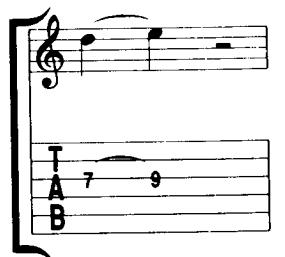
The chord voicings are found on the first page of the transcription underneath the song title.



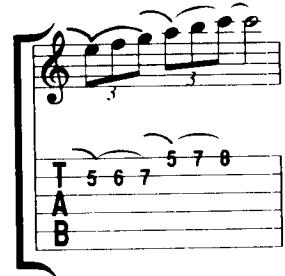
INDICATING SINGLE NOTES USING RHYTHM SLASHES:

Very often single notes are incorporated into a rhythm part. The note name is indicated above the rhythm slash with a fret number and a string indication.

ARTICULATIONS



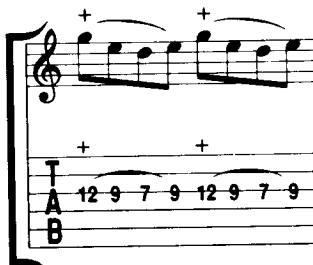
HAMMER ON:
Play lower note, then "hammer on" to higher note with another finger. Only the first note is attacked.



LEFT HAND HAMMER:
Hammer on the first note played on each string with the left hand.



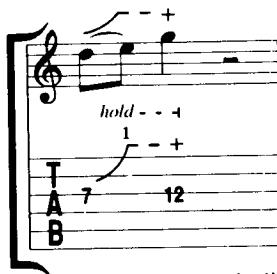
PULL OFF:
Play higher note, then "pull off" to lower note with another finger. Only the first note is attacked.



FRET-BOARD TAPPING:
"Tap" onto the note indicated by + with a finger of the pick hand, then pull off to the following note held by the fret hand.



TAP SLIDE:
Same as fretboard tapping, but the tapped note is slid randomly up the fretboard, then pulled off to the following note.



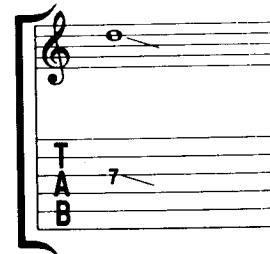
BEND AND TAP TECHNIQUE:
Play note and bend to specified interval. While holding bend, tap onto note indicated.



LEGATO SLIDE:
Play note and slide to the following note. (Only first note is attacked).



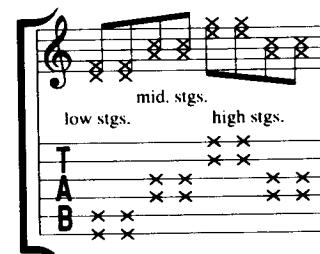
value of the note.



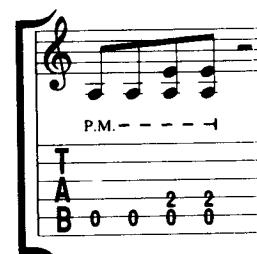
SHORT GLISSANDO: Play note for its full value and slide in specified direction at the last possible moment.



PICK SLIDE:
Slide the edge of the pick in specified direction across the length of the string(s).



MUTED STRINGS:
A percussive sound is made by laying the fret hand across all six strings while pick hand strikes specified area (low, mid, high strings).



PALM MUTE:
The note or notes are muted by the palm of the pick hand by lightly touching the string(s) near the bridge.



TREMOLO PICKING: The note or notes are picked as fast as possible.

TRILL:
Hammer on and pull off consecutively and as fast as possible between the original note and the grace note.

ACCENT:
Notes or chords are to be played with added emphasis.

STACCATO (Detached Notes):
Notes or chords are to be played roughly half their actual value and with separation.

DOWN STROKES AND UPSTROKES:
Notes or chords are to be played with either a downstroke (□) or upstroke (△) of the pick.

VIBRATO: The pitch of a note is varied by a rapid shaking of the fret hand finger, wrist, and forearm.

HARMONICS

NATURAL HARMONIC:
A finger of the fret hand lightly touches the note or notes indicated in the tab and is played by the pick hand.

ARTIFICIAL HARMONIC:
The first tab number is fretted, then the pick hand produces the harmonic by using a finger to lightly touch the same string at the second tab number (in parenthesis) and is then picked by another finger.

ARTIFICIAL "PINCH" HARMONIC:
A note is fretted as indicated by the tab, then the pick hand

produces the harmonic by squeezing the pick firmly while using the tip of the index finger in the pick attack. If parenthesis are found around the fretted note, it does not sound. No parenthesis means both the fretted note and A.H. are heard simultaneously.

TREMOLO BAR

SPECIFIED INTERVAL:
The pitch of a note or chord is lowered to a specified interval and then may or may not return to the original pitch. The activity of the tremolo bar is graphically represented by peaks and valleys.

UN-SPECIFIED INTERVAL:
The pitch of a note or a chord is lowered to an unspecified interval.

The Doors Guitar Tablature Anthology

This book is special.
It contains twenty of The Doors'
classic songs arranged
exclusively for the guitar.



Blue Sunday
Break On Through
Five To One
Hello, I Love You
LA Woman
Light My Fire
Love Her Madly
Love Me Two Times
Love Street
Not To Touch The Earth
Peace Frog
People Are Strange
Riders On The Storm
Roadhouse Blues
Soul Kitchen
Spanish Caravan
The Crystal Ship
Touch Me
Twentieth Century Fox
Wild Child

In clear guitar tablature and standard notation, complete with lyrics and chord symbols. Plus an introduction by Steven Rossen.

Wise Publications
Order No.AM85127
ISBN 0.7119.2690.5

IMP. VEERKAMP, S.A. DE C.V.
DURANGO # 269 COL. ROMA
RFC. VEE-680322-HG1
PED.0323-30001013
PTO.ENT. VERACRUZ, VER.

